Laurens County, Georgia

Annual Financial Report

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Issued by: Scott Bourassa, Finance Officer

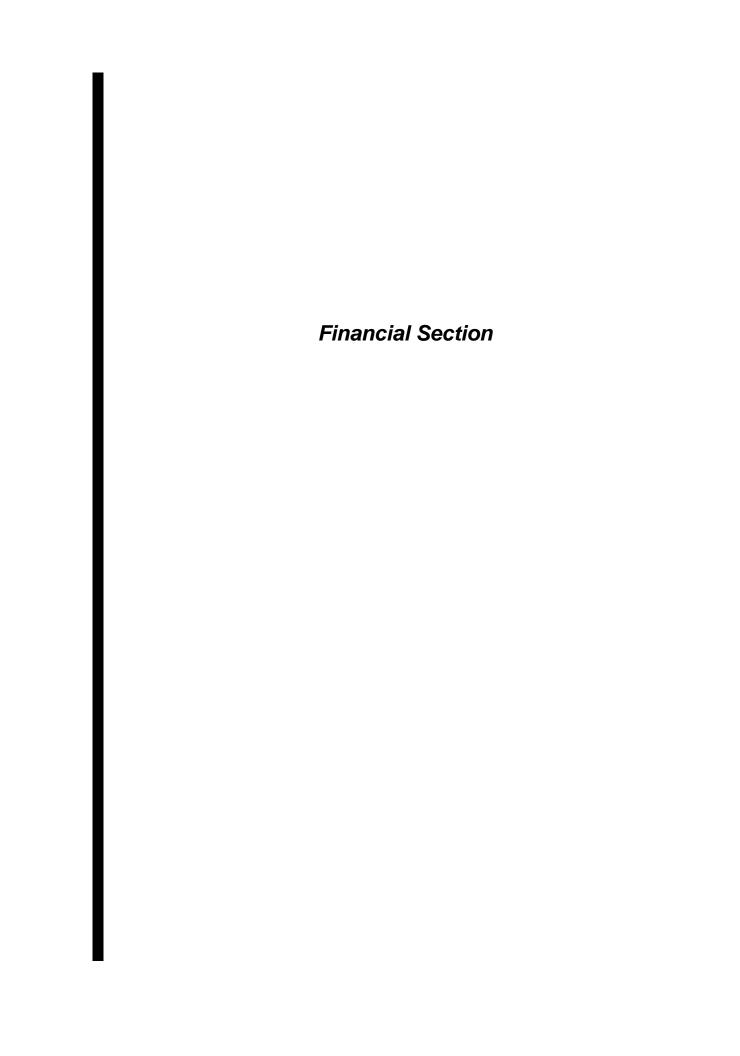
under Authority of the Board of Commissioners

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Commissioners Laurens County, Georgia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activity, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Laurens County, Georgia as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Laurens County Public Health Center, a major component unit, whose statements reflect assets constituting 5 percent of total assets at June 30, 2014, and revenues constituting 17 percent of total revenues for the year then ended. Those financial statements were audited by another auditor whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Laurens County Public Health Center, is based on the report of the other auditor. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditor, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activity, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Laurens County, Georgia, as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 4 to 10 and 53 to 57 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Laurens County, Georgia's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, Schedule of Expenditures of Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax, Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual – Family Connection, Schedule of State Contractual Assistance – Family Connection and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, Schedule of Expenditures of Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax, Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual – Family Connection, Schedule of State Contractual Assistance – Family Connection and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain

additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, Schedule of Expenditures of Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax, Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual – Family Connection, Schedule of State Contractual Assistance – Family Connection and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

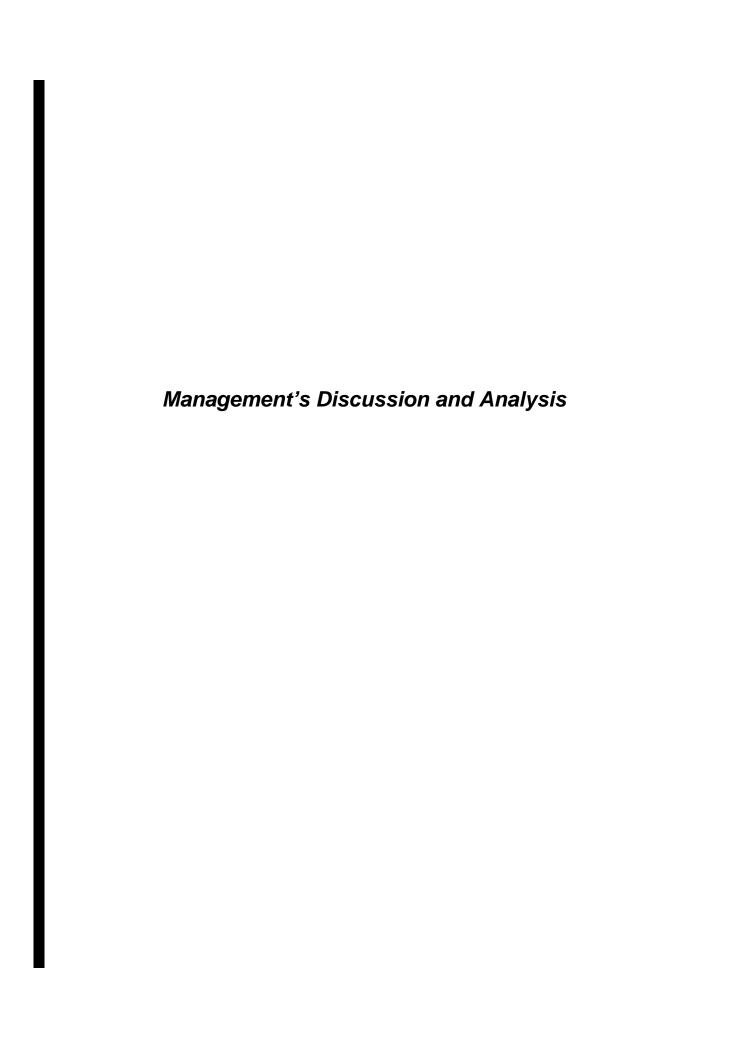
In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 20, 2015, on our consideration of Laurens County, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Laurens County, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Very truly yours,

TOS Deemer Dana LLP

Dublin, Georgia

February 20, 2015



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of Laurens County, Georgia, we offer readers of our financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Laurens County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the County's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for FY14 are as follows:

The County's combined net assets totaled \$47.2 million. Of this amount, unrestricted net assets of \$4.1 million may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Combined revenue totaled \$37.8 million of which governmental activities totaled \$36.8 million.

Overall expenses totaled \$35 million of which governmental activities totaled \$33.9 million.

Overall the net change in fund balance was a decrease of \$262,537. The net change in the general fund balance was a decrease of \$118,143.

As of June 30, 2014, the County's General Fund reported an unassigned fund balance of \$3.6 million.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Laurens County, Georgia's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements consist of the following elements:

Government-wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the County's overall financial condition. Changes in the County's financial position may be measured over time by increases and decreases in the Statement of Net Position. Information on how the County's net position changed during the fiscal year is presented in the Statement of Activities.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements focus on individual parts of the County, reporting the County's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements. Fund financial statements include the statements for governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds. Financial statements for the County's component units are also presented.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to the full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Refer to Note I to the financial statements for more detailed information on the elements of the financial statements. Table 1 below summarizes the major features of the basic financial statements.

	Government-wide		Fund Financial Statements	
Scope	Financial Statements Entire State government (except fiduciary funds) and the County's component units	Governmental Funds Activities of the County that are not proprietary or fiduciary	Proprietary Funds Activities of the County that are operated similar to private business	Fiduciary Funds Instances in which the County is the trustee or agent for someone else's resources
Required financial statements	Statement of net position Statement of activities	Balance sheet Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances	Statement of net position Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in net position Statement of cash flows	Statement of fiduciary net assets Statement of changes in fiduciary net assets
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year Expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Condensed Statement of Net Position

Table 2 below presents the County's condensed statement of net position as of June 30, 2014 and 2013.

Table 2: Condensed Statement of Net Position

	Governmen	tal Activites	Business-Ty	pe Activites
	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
Assets				
Current and other assets	\$ 23,089,788	\$ 23,751,388	\$ 173,210	\$ 217,116
Capital assets	36,332,953	35,255,210	309,440	372,150
Total Assets	59,422,741	59,006,598	482,650	589,266
Liabilities				
Other liabilities	4,650,641	5,235,017	2,087	45,059
Long-term liabilities	8,054,566	9,917,815		
Total liabilities	12,705,207	15,152,832	2,087	45,059
Net Position				
Net investment in				
capital assets	26,417,460	23,536,208	309,440	372,150
Restricted	16,332,120	16,484,059	-	-
Unrestricted	3,967,954	3,833,499	171,123	172,057
Total net position	\$ 46,717,534	\$ 43,853,766	\$ 480,563	\$ 544,207

The largest component of the County's net position is its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, infrastructure, buildings, equipment, and others), less any related debt outstanding that was needed to acquire or construct the assets. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to the citizens and businesses in the County; consequently, this net position is not available for future spending. Restricted net position represent resources that are subject to external restrictions, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation on how they can be used. The remaining portion of net position is unrestricted, which can be used to finance government operations.

Condensed Statement of Activities

Table 3 on the following page presents the County's condensed statement of activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 and 2013. Over time, increases and decreases in net position measure whether the County's financial position is improving or deteriorating.

Table 3: Condensed Statement of Activities

	Governmen	ntal A	<u>ctivities</u>	Business-Type Activities				
	<u>2014</u>		<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>		<u>2013</u>		
Revenues								
Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ 10,392,916	\$	10,572,051	\$ 616,184	\$	608,256		
Operating grants and contributions	650,387		468,165	-		-		
Capital grants and contributions	2,429,898		47,303	-		36,320		
General revenues:								
Property taxes	8,678,839		7,958,796	-		-		
Other taxes	14,302,443		14,965,371	384,050		504,715		
Other revenues	 318,136		816,703	229		242		
Total Revenues	36,772,619		34,828,389	1,000,463	•	1,149,533		
Expenses								
General government	10,670,718		11,167,199	-		-		
Judicial	3,281,744		3,525,141	-		-		
Public safety	13,088,843		12,134,301	-		-		
Public works	5,075,575		4,693,687	-		-		
Health and welfare	278,732		264,157	-		-		
Conservation and natural resources	1,083,168		1,080,419	-		-		
Housing and development	243,991		3,229,763	-		-		
Interest on long-term debt	220,419		286,599	-		-		
Sanitation	_			1,064,107		1,113,213		
Total Expenses	33,943,190		36,381,266	1,064,107		1,113,213		
Increase (decrease) in net position								
before gain and transfers	2,829,429		(1,552,877)	(63,644)		36,320		
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Gain on sale of capital assets	34,339		97,637	-		-		
Transfers	 <u>-</u>		-					
Change in net position	2,863,768		(1,455,240)	(63,644)		36,320		
Beginning net position	43,853,766		45,309,006	544,207		507,887		
Restatement of Prior Year Net Position	-		-	-		-		
Ending net position	\$ 46,717,534	\$	43,853,766	\$ 480,563	\$	544,207		

During the fiscal year ending June 30, 2014, the net position of the government activities increased \$2,863,768 or 6.53%. Total revenues for 2014 increased by \$1,944,230 or 5.58%. The increase was mainly due to capital grants and contributions which increased \$2,382,595, of which \$1,932,115 was for road projects. Total expenses for 2014 decreased by \$2,438,076 or 6.7%. The main reason for the decrease in expenses in 2014 was in housing and development which decreased \$2,985,772. In 2013, bonds were issued for the development authority and there were large expenditures for economic development that did not occur in 2014.

Approximately 23.6% of the County's revenues came from property taxes and approximately 38.89% came from other taxes. Approximately 28.26% of the County's revenues came from charges for services and approximately 9.24% came from grants and other revenues. Although a majority of the County's expenses are financed by property taxes and other taxes, the County continues to rely heavily on revenues from charges for services to fund its budget. The County's expenses cover a range of services with 38.56% related to public safety, 14.95% related to public works, 31.44% related to general government activities which includes the tax commissioner and tax assessor, and 9.67% related to judicial activities. Although total expenses have decreased, there has only been a minor shift in the allocation of resources.

Program Expenses and Revenues for Governmental Activities

Table 4 below presents program expenses and revenues for governmental activities for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013.

Table 4: Program Expenses and Revenues for Governmental Activities

	<u>20</u>	Ν	let Program		
	Program		Program		Expenses
Programs	 Expenses		Revenues	(R	Revenues)(b)
General government	\$ 10,670,718	\$	4,333,664	\$	6,337,054
Judicial	3,281,744		2,437,144		844,600
Public safety	13,088,843		4,118,626		8,970,217
Public works	5,075,575		2,422,064		2,653,511
Health and welfare	278,732		161,703		117,029
Conservation and natural resources	1,083,168		-		1,083,168
Intergovernmental payments	243,991		-		243,991
Interest on long-term debt	220,419		-		220,419
Totals	\$ \$ 33,943,190		13,473,201	\$	20,469,989

		<u>20</u>	Net Program					
	Program			Program		Expenses		
Programs	Expenses		Revenues		(R	tevenues)(b)		
General government	\$	11,167,199	\$	3,967,285	\$	7,199,914		
Judicial		3,525,141		2,694,194		830,947		
Public safety		12,134,301		4,257,700		7,876,601		
Public works		4,693,687		4,693,687		102,084		4,591,603
Health and welfare		264,157		66,256		197,901		
Conservation and natural resources		1,080,419		-		1,080,419		
Intergovernmental payments		3,229,763		-		3,229,763		
Interest on long-term debt		286,599		_		286,599		
Totals	\$	\$ 36,381,266		11,087,519	\$	25,293,747		

⁽b) Net program expenses are mainly supported by taxes

Program revenues are allocated based on which program collects the revenue. Therefore, judicial program expenses are more adequately covered by charges for services due to the allocation of traffic fines issued by public safety, but collected by Probate Court. Overall, program revenues were not sufficient to cover program expenses for governmental activities. The net program expenses of these governmental activities were therefore supported by general revenues, mainly taxes.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows and outflows and the balance of resources available for spending. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unrestricted, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the close of the fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$20,097,343 with \$167,304 reported as non-spendable, \$16,332,120 reported as restricted, and a \$3,597,919 unassigned fund balance.

The General Fund is the operating fund of the County. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$3,597,919 and total fund balance was \$3,717,530. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 18.79% of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 19.41%. The net change in the General Fund's fund balance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, was a decrease of \$118,143 or 3.08%. The reason for the decrease in the fund balance was mainly due to sales tax being less than anticipated.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the fiscal year, the County may revise the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as Federal and State grants; 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services. The fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 budget was amended due to the creation of several new special revenue funds and capital project funds for Drug Education, Juvenile Supervision, TIA Sales Tax and LMIG.

The actual operating revenues of the General Fund did exceed the final budgeted amounts by \$753,346. The major factor contributing to the favorable variance was due to increase in taxes and charges for services by \$742,210 and \$170,877, respectively. The favorable revenue variances were offset by unfavorable balance variance in fines and forfeitures of \$296,610.

The actual operating expenditures of the General Fund did exceed the final budgeted amounts by \$80,894. The main reason for the unfavorable variance was due to the unanticipated expenditures in Public Works which created an unfavorable variance of \$205,935. The unfavorable variance was offset by a favorable variance in Judicial by \$118,335. Unfortunately, the County did have to transfer out \$659,717 more than budgeted due to higher health insurance costs than anticipated.

CAPITAL ASSET AND LONG-TERM DEBT ACTIVITY

At June 30, 2014, the County reported \$36,332,953 in capital assets for governmental activities. Major capital asset transactions during the year were several paving and resurfacing projects. Also, equipment was purchased for emergency management, sheriff department as well as public works. Refer to Note III-D to the financial statements for additional information on capital assets.

At June 30, 2014, the County reported no capital lease debt. Refer to Note III-G to the financial statements for additional information on capital leases. During the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2013, the County issued \$10,890,000 in General Obligation Sales Tax Bonds for various economic development projects of the County. As of June 30, 2014, the principal balance on the bonds was \$9,145,000. The County has also entered into an intergovernmental agreement with the Laurens County Public Facilities Authority, a component unit, to finance the installation of an air conditioning system in the courthouse, construction of EMA/EMS building, construction of t-hangers, road construction, and construction of mental health buildings. Refer to Note III-G to the financial statements for additional information on the long-term debt.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

As with the rest of the State of Georgia, Laurens County's economic climate for FY 2014 has been a very slow recovery. Revenues such as sales tax appear to have leveled off and are slowly creeping up. Even with the lower levels of taxes, the Special Local Option Sales Tax continues to assist the County in funding much needed capital outlay projects such as resurfacing infrastructure and purchasing needed equipment for public safety and public works. Laurens County industry has declined due to lay offs at major industries. However none of the industries have closed and they continue to operate. Fortunately, Laurens County has obtained two new industries in FY14 that are beginning to provide jobs The economic outlook for FY 2015 appears to be looking to be stagnant. It is expected that the tax digest will slightly increase due to a revaluation and that sales tax is anticipated to remain stagnant during FY 2015. However, Laurens County is actively working on bringing industry to this area. The outlook for new industry would look good, except for the uncertainty of what the Federal Government plans are for the economy.

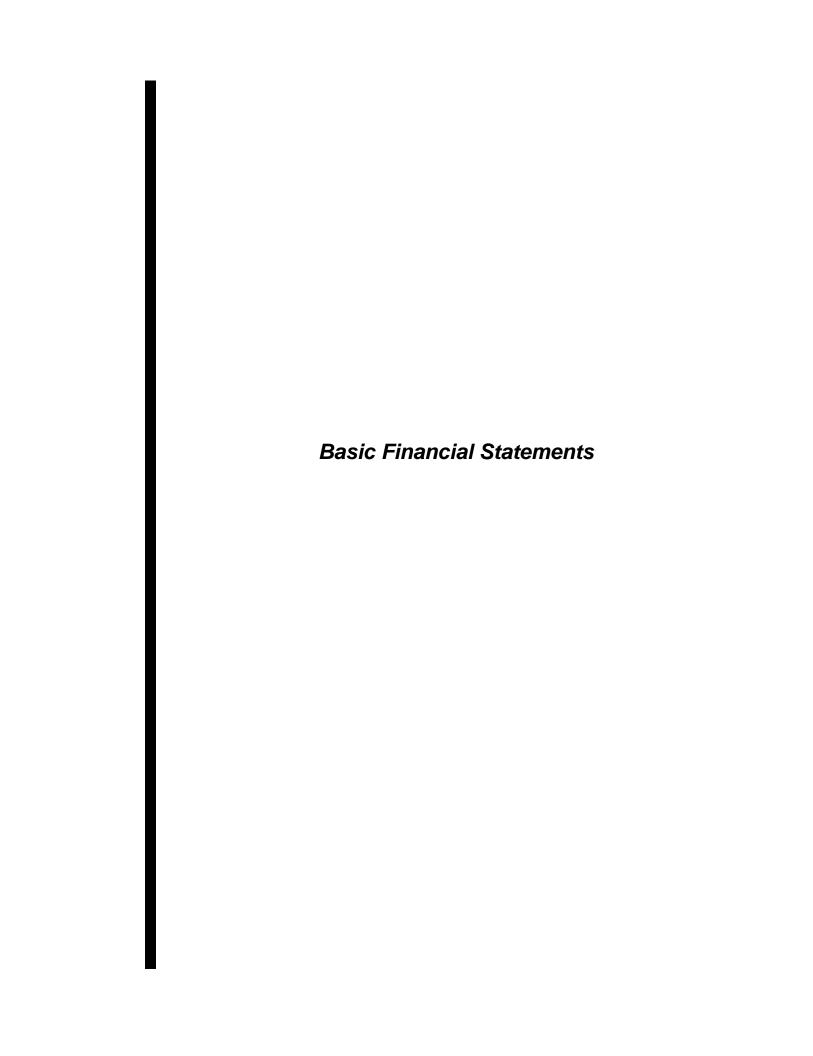
The development of the FY 2015 budget was challenging. Although the County has added new industries, their economic impact will not be felt for a couple more years. Also, the County is still in a slow economic recovery. The slow recovery is compounded by the inability of the Federal Government to make meaningful decisions that will avoid another recession. Also with the new healthcare legislation taking effect in 2014, businesses will continue to be looking to reduce costs which could mean a sluggish economy. The property tax digest increasing slightly has impacted the County's ability to maintain existing service levels without a tax increase. The FY 2015 general fund budget represents an increase over the FY 2014 general fund budget. The millage rate and other charges for services were not increased for FY 2015.

Difficult choices have been made as the FY 2015 budget was developed, and it represents a balance between available resources and needs. This balance was achieved using the objectives and priorities established by the Board of Commissioners.

CONTACTING THE COUNTY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances and to demonstrate the County's accountability for the money it receives. Questions about this report or requests for additional financial information may be addressed to:

Laurens County Finance Department 117 East Jackson Street P.O. Box 2011 Dublin, Georgia 31040 Telephone: (478) 272-4755



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2014

		Primary Government		Component Units						
				Solid Waste	Public	Public				
	Governmental	Business - type		Management	Facilities	Development	Health			
	Activities	Activity	Total	Authority	Authority	Authority	Center			
Assets		<u> </u>		·			<u> </u>			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 18,237,555	\$ 78,131	\$ 18,315,686	\$ 819,062	\$ 227,984	\$ 400,841	\$ 1,628,148			
Certificates of deposit		_				_	1,070,295			
Receivables, net of allowances for uncollectible:										
Taxes	414,858		414,858	_	_	-	_			
Accounts	1,531,036	95,250	1,626,286	151,875	_	_	83,394			
Due from other governments	1,956,056	-	1,956,056	101,070	_	_	1,030,283			
Note	1,000,000	_	1,000,000		_	17,500	1,000,200			
Accrued interest receivable	352	_	352	4,953	_	614	_			
Prepaid expenditures	167,304		167,304	9,504	_	014				
Internal balances	171	(171)		3,304						
Advances to component units	70,456	(171)	70,456	•	-	-	-			
•		•		•	-	-	-			
Note receivable to component unit	712,000	-	712,000	-	770 400	-	-			
Advances to primary government	-			-	770,493	-	-			
Capital assets:										
Land and other non-depreciable assets	3,882,381	105,934	3,988,315	467,506	-	-	-			
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	32,450,572	203,506	32,654,078	1,989,192	-	5,921,062	380,579			
Utility deposits	-	-	-		-	150	-			
Restricted cash and certificates of deposit	-	-	-	3,977,896	-	2,041,142	-			
Restricted asset - real estate	-	-	-	-	-	4,129,701	-			
Note receivable						712,000				
Total assets	59,422,741	482,650	59,905,391	7,419,988	998,477	13,223,010	4,192,699			
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	1,484,336	2,087	1,486,423	73,714	_	-	73,763			
Accrued expenses	165,887		165,887	18,072	12,007	1,329	-			
Due to other governments							253,975			
Accrued interest payable			-		_	-				
Post employment benefits payable	53,267		53,267		_	-	_			
Premium on bonds payable	579,635		579,635	_	_	-	_			
Compensated absences payable - current	506,589		506,589	15,645	_	-	63,960			
Advances from primary government	-		-	33,592	_	36,864				
Note payable from primary government	_	_	_		_	712,000	_			
Long-term obligations:						7.12,000				
Due within one year	1,860,927	_	1,860,927	183,271	161,000	2,225,946	_			
Due in more than one year	8,054,566	_	8,054,566	7,625,599	1,009,000	497,830	255,839			
Total liabilities	12,705,207	2,087	12,707,294	7,949,893	1,182,007	3,473,969	647,537			
i otal nabilities	12,700,207	2,007	12,707,234	7,545,053	1,102,007	3,473,909	047,337			
Net Position										
Net investment in capital assets	26,417,460	309,440	26,726,900	1,868,286	-	3,197,286	380,579			
Restricted for:										
Special programs	9,132,120		9,132,120	-	-	-	-			
Economic development	7,200,000	-	7,200,000	-	-	-	-			
Industrial development	-	-	-	-	-	6,170,843	-			
Contributions Conference Center	-	-	-	-	-	33,333	-			
Post closure care costs	-	-	-	3,977,896	-	-	-			
Prior year program income fund	-	-	-	-	-	-	837,155			
Unrestricted	3,967,954	171,123	4,139,077	(6,376,087)	(183,530)	347,579	2,327,428			
Total net position	\$ 46,717,534	\$ 480,563	\$ 47,198,097	\$ (529,905)	\$ (183,530)	\$ 9,749,041	\$ 3,545,162			

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

							Net (E	xpense) Revenue ar	ıd		
			Program Revenues	3			Cha	nges in Net Position			
									Compon	ent Units	
			Operating	Capital		Primary Government	:	Solid Waste	Public		Public
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business - type Activity	Total	Management Authority	Facilities Authority	Development Authority	Health Center
Primary Government Governmental Activities:											
General government	\$ 10,670,718	\$ 3,992,263	\$ 113,340	\$ 228,061	\$ (6,337,054)	\$ -	\$ (6,337,054)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Judicial	3,281,744	2,431,768	5,376	-	(844,600)	-	(844,600)	-	-	-	-
Public safety	13,088,843	3,735,069	369,968	13,589	(8,970,217)	-	(8,970,217)	-	-	-	-
Public works	5,075,575	233,816	-	2,188,248	(2,653,511)	-	(2,653,511)	-	-	-	-
Health and welfare	278,732	-	161,703	-	(117,029)	-	(117,029)	-	-	-	-
Conservation of natural resources	1,083,168	-	-	-	(1,083,168)	-	(1,083,168)	-	-	-	-
Housing and development	243,991	-	-	-	(243,991)	-	(243,991)	-	-	-	-
Interest on long-term debt	220,419				(220,419)		(220,419)				
Total governmental activities	33,943,190	10,392,916	650,387	2,429,898	(20,469,989)		(20,469,989)				
Business - type Activity -											
Sanitation Fund	1,064,107	616,184	-	-	-	(447,923)	(447,923)				
Total primary government	35,007,297	11,009,100	650,387	2,429,898	(20,469,989)	(447,923)	(20,917,912)				
Component Units											
Laurens County Solid Waste Management Authority	1,606,655	1,521,271	37,310	_				(48,074)		-	-
Laurens County Public Facilities Authority	50,575	-	21,310	-		-		-	(29,265)	-	
Dublin-Laurens County Development Authority	776,330	-	197,135	33,333	-	-	-	-	-	(545,862)	-
Laurens County Public Health Center	8,083,823	1,228,464	6,291,175	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(564,184)
Total component units	\$ 10,517,383	\$ 2,749,735	\$ 6,546,930	\$ 33,333				(48,074)	(29,265)	(545,862)	(564,184)
	General revenues:	:									
	Property taxes				8,678,839	_	8,678,839	_	_	_	-
	Sales and other	taxes			14,302,443	384,050	14,686,493			-	
	Intra/inter agency						-	-	-	-	906,973
	Unrestricted inves	tment earnings			27,991	229	28,220	19,630	33,282	8,069	-
	Rent income				164,452	-	164,452	-	-	294,464	-
	Other local funds					-	-	-	-	-	42,140
	Miscellaneous				125,693	-	125,693	742	-	21,335	9,524
	Gain on disposal of	of capital assets			34,339		34,339	30,766			
	Total genera	al revenues			23,333,757	384,279	23,718,036	51,138	33,282	323,868	958,637
	Change in net pos	sition			2,863,768	(63,644)	2,800,124	3,064	4,017	(221,994)	394,453
	Financial settleme	ent program 030			-	-	-	-	-	-	(643)
	Net position - begi	inning			43,853,766	544,207	44,397,973	(532,969)	(187,547)	9,971,035	3,151,352
	Net position - endi	ing			\$ 46,717,534	\$ 480,563	\$ 47,198,097	\$ (529,905)	\$ (183,530)	\$ 9,749,041	\$ 3,545,162

EXHIBIT 3

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

	General		Emergency Medical Services		FY 13 - 18 SPLOST		Permanent		Other Governmental Funds		G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS												
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,164,289	\$	176,471	\$	6,266,985	\$	6,488,794	\$	3,140,150	\$	18,236,689
Receivables, net of allowances for uncollectibles:												
Taxes		414,858		-		-		-		-		414,858
Accounts		136,942		895,675		2,990		-		191,054		1,226,661
Note		-		-		-		712,000		-		712,000
Due from other governments		517,074		-		1,023,108		-		415,874		1,956,056
Due from other funds		990,270		-		-		-		31,341		1,021,611
Accrued interest receivable		-		-		-		-		352		352
Prepaid expenditures		119,611		27,062		17,384		-		3,247		167,304
Advances to component units	_	70,456	_		_	<u> </u>	_	<u> </u>			_	70,456
Total Assets	\$	4,413,500	\$	1,099,208	\$	7,310,467	\$	7,200,794	\$	3,782,018	\$	23,805,987
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:												
Accounts payable	\$	233,583	\$	19,835	\$	556,720	\$	-	\$	431,458	\$	1,241,596
Accrued expenses		99,162		43,147		3,268		-		20,310		165,887
Due to other funds		-		345,354				794		612,791		958,939
Total Liabilities		332,745	_	408,336	_	559,988	_	794	_	1,064,559	_	2,366,422
Deferred Inflows of Resources -												
Unavailable revenues	_	363,225	_	690,322	_	32,542				256,133		1,342,222
Fund Balances:												
Nonspendable for :												
Prepaid expenditures		119,611		27,062		17,384		-		3,247		167,304
Economic development		-		-		-		7,200,000		-		7,200,000
Restricted for:												
Special programs		-		(26,512)		6,700,553		-		2,458,079		9,132,120
Unassigned	_	3,597,919	_		_							3,597,919
Total Fund Balances		3,717,530	_	550	_	6,717,937	_	7,200,000		2,461,326		20,097,343
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources												
and Fund Balances	\$	4,413,500	\$	1,099,208	\$	7,310,467	\$	7,200,794	\$	3,782,018	\$	23,805,987

EXHIBIT 4

RECONCILIATION OF NET POSITION –GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS IN THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION TO TOTAL FUND BALANCE – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS ON THE BALANCE SHEET FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Fund balance - total governmental funds	\$ 2	20,097,343
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	;	36,332,953
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.		1,342,222
Post employment benefits used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		(53,267)
Some liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds		
Advances from component units Bonds payable Premium on bonds payable Compensated absences		(770,493) (9,145,000) (579,635) (506,589)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 4	46,717,534

EXHIBIT 5

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

		General	Emergency Medical Services	FY 13 - 18 SPLOST	Permanent	Other Governmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$	14,537,910	\$ -	\$ 7,875,605	\$ -	\$ 730,880	\$	23,144,395
Licenses and permits		61,778	-	-	-	-		61,778
Charges for services		1,628,222	2,020,040	-	-	1,059,552		4,707,814
Fines and forfeitures		2,189,890	-	-	-	235,468		2,425,358
Grant revenues		366,570	16,221	228,061	-	2,200,292		2,811,144
Contribution revenues		-	-	-	-	8,891		8,891
Interest income		5,952	232	4,117	15,372	6,366		32,039
Other revenues		183,299	40,516	12,204		21,584		257,603
Total Revenues		18,973,621	2,077,009	8,119,987	15,372	4,263,033		33,449,022
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government		3,529,821	-	-	-	314,535		3,844,356
Judicial		2,613,990	-	-	-	126,240		2,740,230
Public safety		7,086,005	2,448,434	-	-	1,324,052		10,858,491
Public works		2,189,300	-	694,240	-	730,880		3,614,420
Health and welfare		177,643	-	-	-	-		177,643
Conservation and natural resources		1,083,168	-	-	-	-		1,083,168
Housing and development		193,991	-	50,000	-	-		243,991
Debt Service:								
Principal payments		58,509	-	1,745,000	-	-		1,803,509
Interest payments		32,642	-	329,850	-	-		362,492
Intergovernmental payments		-	-	2,585,561	-	-		2,585,561
Capital outlay			14,556	1,573,224		3,434,371		5,022,151
Total Expenditures		16,965,069	2,462,990	6,977,875		5,930,078		32,336,012
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures	_	2,008,552	(385,981)	1,142,112	15,372	(1,667,045)		1,113,010
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in		20,372	385,981	-	-	385,539		791,892
Transfers out		(2,188,017)	-	-	(15,372)	(5,000)		(2,208,389)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		40,950						40,950
Total other financing sources (uses)		(2,126,695)	385,981		(15,372)	380,539		(1,375,547)
Net Change in Fund Balances		(118,143)	-	1,142,112	-	(1,286,506)		(262,537)
Fund balances - beginning		3,835,673	550	5,575,825	7,200,000	3,747,832		20,359,880
Fund balances - ending	\$	3,717,530	\$ 550	\$ 6,717,937	\$ 7,200,000	\$ 2,461,326	\$	20,097,343

EXHIBIT 6

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Net change in fund balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	(262,537)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Capital outlays, reported as expenditures in governmental funds, are shown as capital assets in the Statement of Net Position as follows:		4 000 507
Capital outlay and infrastructure, net of non-capitalized items		4,963,527
Depreciation expenses on governmental capital assets are included in the govern- mental activities column in the Statement of Net Position but are not shown in the governmental funds.		(3,879,173)
In the Statement of Activities, only the gain on the disposal of capital assets is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets disposed of.		(6,611)
Repayment of long-term debt is reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds, but as a reduction of long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position: Bonds payable		1,745,000
Advance from component units		58,509
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. The amount of unavailable revenues recognized as revenue in the statement of activities changed as follows:		(422.442)
Property taxes		(163,113)
Emergency Medical Services Ambulance Fees Grant revenues		1,195 288,675
Amortization on premium on bonds payable are reported in the government-wide statement of activities, but but do not require the use of current financial resources and		
therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.		142,073
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds -		
Compensated absences		(23,777)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	<u>\$</u>	2,863,768

EXHIBIT 7

GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Oriç	ginal Budgeted Amounts		Final Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Fina	ance with Budget - e (Negative)
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$	13,795,700	\$	13,795,700	\$	14,537,910	\$	742,210
Licenses and permits		42,000		42,000		61,778		19,778
Grant revenues		267,435		267,435		366,570		99,135
Charges for services		1,457,345		1,457,345		1,628,222		170,877
Fines and forfeitures		2,486,500		2,486,500		2,189,890		(296,610)
Interest income		6,000		6,000		5,952		(48)
Miscellaneous revenues		165,295	_	165,295		183,299		18,004
Total Revenues		18,220,275	_	18,220,275		18,973,621		753,346
Expenditures:								
General government		3,528,300		3,528,300		3,529,821		(1,521)
Judicial		2,732,325		2,732,325		2,613,990		118,335
Public safety		7,091,720		7,091,720		7,086,005		5,715
Public works		1,983,365		1,983,365		2,189,300		(205,935)
Health and welfare		169,295		169,295		177,643		(8,348)
Conservation of natural resources		1,084,370		1,084,370		1,083,168		1,202
Housing and development		182,645		182,645		193,991		(11,346)
Debt service		112,155	_	112,155		91,151		21,004
Total Expenditures		16,884,175	_	16,884,175	_	16,965,069		(80,894)
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		1,336,100	_	1,336,100	_	2,008,552		672,452
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		30,000		30,000		40,950		10,950
Transfers in		162,200		162,200		20,372		(141,828)
Transfers out		(1,528,300)		(1,528,300)		(2,188,017)		(659,717)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(1,336,100)	_	(1,336,100)	_	(2,126,695)		(790,595)
Deficiency of Revenues and Other Financing Sources								
Under Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		-		-		(118,143)		(118,143)
Fund Balance, Beginning		3,835,673	_	3,835,673	_	3,835,673		<u>-</u>
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	3,835,673	\$	3,835,673	\$	3,717,530	\$	(118,143)

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

	Business - type Activity - Sanitation Fund		Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds		
ASSETS					
Current Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	78,131	\$	866	
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for uncollectibles		95,250		304,375	
Total current assets		173,381		305,241	
Noncurrent Assets:					
Capital assets:					
Nondepreciable assets		105,934		-	
Depreciable assets, net of depreciation	-	203,506		<u> </u>	
Total capital assets, net		309,440			
Total Assets		482,821		305,241	
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities:					
Accounts payable		2,087		242,740	
Due to primary government		-		62,501	
Due to other funds		171		<u>-</u>	
Total Current Liabilities		2,258		305,241	
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets		309,440		-	
Unrestricted		171,123		<u>-</u>	
Total Net Position	\$	480,563	\$		

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Business - type Activity - Sanitation Fund	Governmental Activity - Internal Service Fund		
Operating Personal				
Operating Revenues:	Φ.	Ф 4.700.00 г		
Insurance premiums	\$	1,780,205		
Refuse collection charges	605,148			
Other income	11,036	· ·		
Total operating revenues	616,184	1,780,205		
Operating Expenses:				
Salaries	5,197	-		
Employee benefits	581			
Prison detail	914,944			
Utilities	38,859			
Repairs and maintenance	6,382			
Rental expense	2,242			
Depreciation expense	62,712			
Supplies	580			
Landfill dumping fees	4,441			
Miscellaneous expenses	28,169			
Reinsurance premiums	•	167,397		
Employee insurance claims		3,029,374		
Total operating expenses	1,064,107	3,196,771		
Operating Loss	(447,923	(1,416,566)		
Non-operating Revenues:				
Interest income	229	69		
Insurance premium tax	384,050	<u> </u>		
Total non-operating revenues	384,279	69		
Loss Before Transfers	(63,644	(1,416,497)		
Transfers -				
Transfers in		1,416,497		
Change in Net Position	(63,644	-		
Total Net Position, Beginning	544,207	<u>-</u>		
Total Net Position, Ending	\$ 480,563	\$		

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Business - Type Activity - Sanitation Fund			Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds		
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:						
Receipts from employees	\$	-	\$	623,072		
Receipts from customers and others		620,337		-		
Receipts from primary government		-		1,443,261		
Payments to employees		(5,778)		-		
Payments to others		(914,944)		-		
Payments to suppliers		(196,839)		-		
Payments to insurance companies		<u>-</u>		(3,508,770)		
Net cash used in operating activities		(497,224)		(1,442,437)		
Cash Flows from Non-Capital and Related Financing Activities:						
Insurance premium tax		384,050		-		
Transfers from the primary government		-		1,416,497		
Net cash provided by non-capital and related financing activities		384,050		1,416,497		
Cash Flows from Investing Activities -						
Interest income		229		69		
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(112,945)		(25,871)		
Balances - beginning of year		191,076		26,737		
Balances - end of year	\$	78,131	\$	866		
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used in Operating Activities:						
Operating loss	\$	(447,923)	\$	(1,416,566)		
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net						
cash used in operating activities:						
Depreciation		62,712		-		
Net change in assets and liabilities attributable to operations:						
Accounts receivable		4,153		(256,364)		
Prepaid expenses		4,579		-		
Due to primary government		-		62,501		
Accounts payable		(37,888)		(55,635)		
Accrued expenses payable		(5,086)		-		
Due to other funds		(77,771)		223,627		
Net cash used in operating activities	\$	(497,224)	\$	(1,442,437)		

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

	Agency Funds
Assets:	
Cash	\$ 1,297,750
Due from others	21,143
Total Assets	<u>\$ 1,318,893</u>
Liabilities:	
Due to other governments	\$ 652,468
Funds held in escrow	47,130
Other liabilities	<u>619,295</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>\$ 1,318,893</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Laurens County, Georgia have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to Government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements. The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the County are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The County is a local municipality governed by an elected five-member board of commissioners. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the Government and its component units, entities for which the County is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations. The component unit column in the government-wide financial statements (see note below for description) includes the financial data of the County's discretely presented component units. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column to emphasize it is legally separate from the County.

Component Units and Related Entities

Blended Component Units:

Alternative Dispute Resolution Program — The Alternative Dispute Resolution Program was created under the provisions of O.C.G.A. Section 15-23-1. The Alternative Dispute Resolution Program was established for the resolution of disputes in any method other than litigation. Under the provisions of this code each county must create a board consisting of the Chief Judge of the Superior Court of the circuit in which the county is located, the Senior Judge of the State Court, the Judge of the Probate Court, the Chief Magistrate, the Clerk of the Superior Court, and one practicing attorney appointed by other members of the board. The board has the power to provide for the collection of charges in each civil action or case filed in the superior, state, probate and magistrate courts; to manage, control and direct funding for the program and the expenditures made there from; to distribute the funding coming into the program in such a manner and subject to such terms and limitations as the board, in its discretion, shall determine will best meet the purpose of this code; to contract for the investment, pooling and expenditure of funds; to adopt such rules and regulations as may be necessary to manage the program; to exercise all other powers necessary for proper administration of the funding mechanism provided for in the code. A separate set of financial statements is not issued. This program is reported as a blended special revenue fund.

Discretely Presented Component Units:

<u>Laurens County Public Facilities Authority</u> - The Laurens County Public Facilities Authority was created by the Georgia General Assembly to serve as a building financing vehicle for the various governmental entities of the County. It is governed by a board comprised of two of the Government's elected officials with the remaining portion of the board appointed by the Government's elected council. The Authority's operations were audited in conjunction with the County audit and are shown in the government-wide financial statements. However, a separate set of financial statements is not issued.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Laurens County Solid Waste Management Authority - The Solid Waste Management Authority (SWMA) is responsible for maintaining the County's landfill. It serves all citizens of the County and is governed by a board comprised of three of the Government's elected officials with the remaining portion of the board appointed by the Government's elected council. The rates for user charges and bond issuance authorizations are approved by the Government's council and the legal liability for the Authority's debt remains with the Government. A separate set of financial statements has been issued. The Laurens County Solid Waste Management Authority is presented as a proprietary fund. The component unit maintains a June 30 fiscal year, and the financial statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014 are included in the reporting entity's 2014 financial statements. During the year ended June 30, 2014, the primary source of income for the Authority was user fees in the amount of \$1,485,205. At June 30, 2014, the liability to the County from the Authority was \$33,592.

Complete financial statements can be obtained at the entity's administrative office.

Laurens County Solid Waste Management Authority Courthouse Square P.O. Box 2011 Dublin, GA 31040

Laurens County Public Health Center - The Public Health Center is primarily responsible for providing basic medical care to the indigent citizens within Laurens County. The County Board of Commissioners appoints a majority of the governing body of the component unit. The Center's major assets consist of capital assets. The County Commissioners have the authority to remove appointed members of the governing board at will and the power to exercise a legal claim to the Center's assets upon termination of existence. The component unit maintains a June 30 fiscal year and the financial statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014 are included in the reporting entity's 2014 financial statements. During the year ended June 30, 2014, the primary source of income for the Center was grant income in the amount of \$4,900,819 received from the Georgia Department of Human Resources. At June 30, 2014, the liability to the County from the Center was \$-0-.

Complete financial statements can be obtained at the entity's administrative office.

Laurens County Public Health Center 2121-B Bellevue Road Dublin, GA 31021

<u>Dublin-Laurens County Development Authority</u> - The Dublin-Laurens County Development Authority was formed to promote the economic and industrial development in the Dublin-Laurens County, Georgia area. The County Board of Commissioners appoints a majority of the governing body of the component unit. The Authority's major assets consist of capital assets. The County Commissioners have the authority to remove appointed members of the governing board at will and the power to exercise a legal claim to the Center's assets upon termination of existence.

During the year ended June 30, 2014, the County awarded operating grants to the Authority in the amount of \$132,863. At June 30, 2014, the liability to the County from the Authority was \$36,864.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Complete financial statements can be obtained at the entity's administrative office.

Dublin-Laurens County Development Authority 1200 Bellevue Avenue Dublin, GA 31021

<u>Related Organizations</u> - The County Commissioners appoint a majority of the board members of the Department of Family and Children Services and the Laurens County Library. In 2014, the County appropriated operating grants to these agencies of \$4,500 and \$378,455, respectively.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of changes in net position) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities* are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues and are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they will be collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Government considers property tax revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period and other revenues to be available if they are collected within 180 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the general operating fund of Laurens County, Georgia. It is used to account for all financial resources of the general Government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Emergency Medical Service Fund accounts for the activities of the County's ambulance service.

The FY 13 – 18 SPLOST Fund accounts for the special purpose local option sales tax proceeds collected for the acquisition or construction of major capital projects and payment of County debt.

The *Permanent Fund* accounts for resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the County's economic development programs.

The County reports the following major proprietary fund -

The Sanitation Fund accounts for the activities of the County's sanitation operations.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

The *Internal Service Funds* account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or division to other departments or agencies of the Government on a cost-reimbursement basis. The self-funded Employee Insurance Fund is accounted for as an Internal Service Fund.

The Special Revenue Fund accounts for revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditure for specific purposes.

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for the acquisition of capital assets or construction of major capital projects not being financed by proprietary or nonexpendable trust funds.

The Agency Funds are custodial in nature and do not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. Agency funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. These funds are used to account for assets that the Government holds for others in an agency capacity.

GASB 34 eliminates the presentation of *Account Groups*, but provides for these records to be maintained and used to account for capital assets and long-term liabilities that are not reflected on the balance sheet of Governmental type funds due to the current financial resources measurement focus that they use.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The County has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

Governmental activities have been consolidated in the government-wide financial statements. Total governmental funds have been combined with internal service balances and general capital assets and long term liabilities. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from the government-wide financial statements. Due to/from other funds have been eliminated as well as transfers between funds. The net operating loss from internal service funds has been charged to the functional expense categories based on employee insurance claims submitted by department.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County's internal service funds are employee payroll deductions and the County's matching contributions for employee health insurance. The principal operating revenue of the Hospital Authority is investment income.

Operating expenses for the internal service funds include the cost of employee health insurance and claims. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity

<u>Deposits and Investments</u> - Cash includes amounts in both interest-bearing and non-interest-bearing demand deposits. State statutes authorize the Government to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, obligations of the State of Georgia or any other states, obligations fully insured or guaranteed by the United States government or governmental agency, Local Government Investment Pool, commercial paper, corporate bonds, obligation of other political subdivisions of the State of Georgia and repurchase agreements. Any bank deposit in excess of the total FDIC insured amount must be secured by an equivalent amount of State or U.S. obligations.

Investments are recorded at cost or amortized cost plus accrued interest, which approximates market value. The reported value of the Local Government Investment Pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the proprietary funds consider all highly liquid investments with maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

 <u>Receivables and Payables</u> - During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. The current portion of these interfund receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" in the governmental funds.

Non-current portions of long-term interfund loans receivable/payable are reported as "advances to other funds" or "advances from other funds". Advances receivable in the Governmental funds are offset equally by a fund balance reserve account, which indicates that they do not constitute expendable available financial resources and therefore are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

Property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The property tax receivable allowance is equal to 18 percent of outstanding property taxes at June 30, 2014. Property taxes are levied as of January 1 on property values assessed as of the same date. The tax levy is usually billed on August 1.

- 3. <u>Prepaid Items</u> For prepaid expenditures in the government-wide and fund financial statements, the County reports the expenditures during the benefiting period.
- <u>Restricted Assets</u> Certain assets, which include cash of the Laurens County Solid Waste Management Authority, are classified as restricted assets because their use is completely restricted to the payment of postclosure costs when the landfill is closed.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

5. <u>Capital Assets</u> – Capital assets, which include property, plant equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. All purchased capital assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. GASB statement 37 prohibits the capitalization of interest on assets constructed for use in governmental activities. However, interest from debt not considered to be general long-term debt may be included as part of the cost of assets constructed for business-type activities. The total interest expense incurred by the County during the current fiscal year was \$220,419. Of this amount, \$0 was included as part of the cost of capital assets under construction in connection with public building construction projects.

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years			
Buildings	40			
Furniture and fixtures	10			
Machinery and equipment	5			
Vehicles	5			
Infrastructure	10-30			

- 6. <u>Compensated Absences</u> It is the Government's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the Government does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the Government. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.
- 7. <u>Long-term Obligations</u> In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

8. **Fund Equity** – Laurens County, Georgia implemented GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, as of July 1, 2010. This new standard changed the overall definitions and classifications of governmental fund balances.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Fund equity at the governmental fund financial reporting level is classified as "fund balance." Fund equity for all other reporting is classified as "net position."

Fund Balance

Generally, fund balance represents the difference between the assets and liabilities under the current financial resources measurement focus of accounting. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the those funds can be spent. Fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable – Fund balances are reported as nonspendable when amounts cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form (i.e., items that are not expected to be converted to cash) or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – Fund balances are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed – Fund balances are reported as committed when they can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board of Commissioners through the adoption of a resolution. Only the Board of Commissioners may modify or rescind the commitment.

Assigned – Fund balances are reported as assigned when amounts are constrained by the County's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Through resolution, the County Commissioners can authorize a designee to assign fund balance.

Unassigned – Fund balances are reported as unassigned when the balances do not meet any of the above criterion. The County reports positive unassigned fund balance only in the General Fund. Negative unassigned fund balances may be reported in all funds.

The County uses restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available, unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit the use of restricted fund balances, such as grant agreements that require a dollar match. Additionally, the County would then use committed, assigned and lastly unassigned amounts from the unrestricted fund balance when expending funds.

The County does not have a formal minimum fund balance policy; however, the Board of Commissioners address various targeted reserve positions and the Finance Department calculates targets and actual and reports the results to the Board of Commissioners on an annual basis.

Net Position

Net investment in capital assets – This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that attributed to the acquisition, construction or improvement of the assets.

Restricted net position – This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments.

Unrestricted net position – This amount is all net position that do not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted net position."

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

9. <u>Estimates</u> - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The annual budget is the financial plan for the operation of Laurens County, Georgia for the ensuing annual period. The budget process provides for a professional management approach to the establishment of priorities and the implementation of work programs while providing an orderly means for control and evaluation of the financial posture of the Government. Laurens County budgets are adopted on a basis generally consistent with GAAP; except that encumbrances are treated as budgeted expenditures in the year the commitment to purchase is incurred. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the general fund, the capital projects funds and the special revenue funds. All unencumbered appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. Project-length financial plans are adopted for all capital projects funds.

The Laurens County budget process begins in April with the department and agency heads submitting their departmental budgets. The County's finance department formulates and remits the budget to the budget committee, which is made up of all members of the Laurens County Commission. The County Administrator and Finance Director conduct budget hearings with all departments and agencies with any unresolved differences being presented to the Board of Commissioners. After review by the Commissioners, a final budget is approved when the budget resolution is adopted.

The County Finance Director is delegated the authority to transfer sums within departments. No increase in the departmental budget for the County may be made without the approval of the Board of Commissioners and amendment to the budget. Mid-year budget amendments are presented, where necessary, for adoption by the Commissioners. The general fund is subject to budgetary control on a department basis. The County did not amend the budget during the year ended June 30, 2014.

Unencumbered appropriations in the annual operating budget lapse at fiscal year end while encumbered appropriations are paid from reserved fund balances. When the County's expenditures reach the authorization provided by the operating budget, the Board of Commissioners approves supplemental appropriations.

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting--under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation--is utilized in the Governmental funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as reservations of fund balances and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the goods or services are yet to be received. There were no outstanding encumbrances as of June 30, 2014.

B. <u>Budget/GAAP Reconciliation</u>

Prior year encumbrances expended in the current year are not included in the current budget. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - General Fund (Exhibit 7) has been prepared on the basis described above.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

The schedule below reconciles the fund's Excess Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures - GAAP Basis with amounts presented on the Budget Basis.

Excess of Revenues and Other Financial Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses:

Budget Basis	\$ (118,143)
Add - New encumbrances - current year	-
Deduct - Prior year encumbrances expended	
Generally Accepted Accounted Principles (GAAP) Basis	\$ (118,143)

C. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations in Individual Funds of the General Fund

The individual funds, which had expenditures in excess of appropriations, as well as the object level within each fund at which the excess was incurred, are as follows:

					Expenditures		
						Over	
General Fund:	Exp	penditures	Appr	opriations	Appropriations		
Current Operating Expenditures:							
County Administrator	\$	290,180	\$	287,265	\$	2,915	
County Administration		845,284		815,490		29,794	
Finance Office		236,077		234,855		1,222	
Board of Equalization		4,394		4,115		279	
Elections		62,234		53,535		8,699	
Tax Commissioner		473,338		472,235		1,103	
Airport		104,966		94,350		10,616	
Courthouse		274,221		252,365		21,856	
Other public buildings		62,390		53,900		8,490	
Court reporter		122,865		120,050		2,815	
Public defender		343,112		329,205		13,907	
Probate Judge		325,439		322,640		2,799	
Jail Facility		2,418,593		2,412,950		5,643	
Probation		557		550		7	
Interstate Crime Enforcement Unit		285,515		281,220		4,295	
School security		88,999		81,010		7,989	
First Reponders Grant		220,203		170,695		49,508	
Courthouse Security		295,784		260,885		34,899	
Community service		14,001		13,720		281	
Maintenance shop		412,820		412,290		530	
Public Works department		1,715,218		1,507,105		208,113	
Health department		166,393		164,795		1,598	
Laurens DFCS		11,250		4,500		6,750	
Forestry commission		49,270		46,855		2,415	
Clean Community Association		2,500		-		2,500	
Laurens County Development Authority		132,863		123,625		9,238	
Total Current Operating Expenditures	\$	8,958,466	\$	8,520,205	\$	438,261	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

			Expenditures Over
Emergency Medical Service Fund:	Expenditures	Appropriations	Appropriations
Salaries	\$ 1,638,17	1 \$ 1,596,060	\$ 42,111
Payroll taxes	118,118		
Worker's compensation	50,51	46,895	3,615
Education and training	18,27	7,500	10,774
Repairs and maintenance	151,71	7 90,250	61,467
Gas and diesel	101,38	93,800	7,582
Miscellaneous	3,95	1 3,300	651
Capital outlay	14,55	<u> </u>	14,556
Total	\$ 2,096,679	9 \$ 1,950,100	\$ 146,579
			Expenditures
FV 42 40 CDI OCT Fund.	Even an diturn	Annenriations	Over
FY 13 - 18 SPLOST Fund:	Expenditures		Appropriations
Workers's compensation	\$ 31,40	•	
Prison detail	78,71	•	
Gas and diesel	183,810		
Interest expenditures	329,85		
Total	\$ 623,78	1 \$ 544,950	\$ 78,831
			Expenditures Over
Grants Fund:	Expenditures	Appropriations	Appropriations
Worker's compensation	\$ 1,91		
Education and training	φ 1,313 6,73		•
Other professional services	56,75	•	•
Total	\$ 65,40		
			Expenditures Over
Enhanced 911 Fund:	Expenditures	Appropriations	Appropriations
Payroll taxes	\$ 47,40	- 	
Dues and fees	φ 47,455 850	, ,	
Miscellaneous expenditures	30		55
Utilities	236,43		
Total	\$ 284,999		
			Expenditures Over
Crime Victims Assistance Fund:	Expenditures	Appropriations	Appropriations
Salaries	\$ 37,18		
Payroll taxes	2,84		1,315
Worker's compensation	7:		
Total	\$ 40,10		
ıotai	Ψ 40,100	ψ 21,000	Ψ 10,500

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Confiscated Assets Fund - Supplies	Expenditures \$ 428	Appropriations -	Expenditures Over Appropriations \$ 428 Expenditures
			Over
Law Library Fund:	Expenditures	Appropriations	Appropriations
Salaries	\$ 4,250	\$ 3,900	\$ 350
Capital outlay	473		473
Total	\$ 4,723	\$ 3,900	<u>\$ 823</u>
Alternative Dispute Resolution Fund -	Expenditures	Appropriations	Expenditures Over Appropriations
Medation fees	\$ 24,400	\$ 19,850	\$ 4,550
TIA Operating Fund -	Expenditures	Appropriations	Expenditures Over Appropriations
Road expenditures	\$ 730,880	\$ 720,000	\$ 10,880
			Expenditures Over
LMIG Fund -	Expenditures	Appropriations	Appropriations
Capital outlay	\$ 2,147,079	\$ 945,115	\$ 1,201,964

No budgets were adopted for the Sheriff Commissary, Judicial Services, Drug, Juvenile or the TIA Capital Funds during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

D. Deficit Fund Balance

The Drug Fund had a deficit fund balance in the amount of \$9,631 as of June 30, 2014. The deficit fund balance will be liquidated from the proceeds collected from fines and forfeitures. In addition, the TSPLOST Capital Fund and LMIG Fund had a deficit fund balance in the amount of \$293,205 and \$213,789 as of June 30, 2014, respectively. The deficit fund balance will be liquidated from the proceeds from TSPLOST and grant proceeds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

III. <u>DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS</u>

A. Deposits and Investments

Investments - The Government owns no investments as of June 30, 2014.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits</u> – In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Government's deposits may not be returned to it. Neither the Government nor its components units, have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2014, none of the Government's bank balance was exposed to custodial credit risk.

As of June 30, 2014, the County had invested \$804,751 into the local Government investment pool or "Georgia Fund 1". The pool was created by OCGA 36-83-8, is a stable net asset value investment pool and is currently rated AAAf by Standard and Poor's. It is managed by the Office of the State Treasurer. "Georgia Fund 1" operates in a manner consistent with Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 and is considered to be a 2a-7 like pool. The pool is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. Net asset value is calculated daily and reported to the rating agency weekly to ensure stability. "Georgia Fund 1" is the combined state general fund and local government investment pool. The pool's primary objectives are safety of capital, investment income, liquidity and diversification while maintaining principal (\$1.00 per share value).

Net asset value is calculated weekly to ensure stability. The pool distributes earnings (net of management fees) on a monthly basis and determines participant's shares sold and redeemed based on \$1.00 per share. Georgia Fund 1 deposits are not guaranteed or insured by any bank, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Federal Reserve Board, or any State agency.

As of June 30, 2014, the County did not have a formal investment policy. Additional disclosures with regards to deposits and investments can be located in the *Summary of Significant Accounting Policies* under the *Assets, Liabilities and Equity* section.

B. Property Taxes

State law requires that property taxes be based on assessed value, which is 40% of fair market value. All real and personal property (including motor vehicles) are valued as of January 1 of each year and must be declared and reported on a return for tax purposes by May 1. With the exception of motor vehicles and the property of public utilities, which are valued by the State Revenue Department, the Board of Tax Assessors of Laurens County makes all assessments.

Upon completion of all assessments and tax returns, the information is turned over to the Laurens County Tax Commissioner for compilation of the tax digest. The completed tax digest must be submitted to the State Revenue Commissioner for approval. The State Revenue Commissioner must ascertain that real property on the tax digest has been assessed at the state mandated forty percent (40%) of fair market value. If not, the commissioner may require an across the board percentage adjustment to all real property. The County Tax Commissioner distributes tax notices and collects tax payments. Motor vehicle taxes must be paid by the birth date of the owner of the vehicle. Property taxes are usually levied on August 1, of each year. Real and personal property taxes are due by December 1 and considered delinquent by December 2. Property taxes are attached as an enforceable lien on the day the taxes become delinquent.

The total real and personal property tax levy is recorded as revenue in the fiscal year in which such amounts will be available (collected within 60 days of year-end) as net current assets.

In the accompanying financial statements, the portion of the property tax levy for the tax year 2014 collected during the current year has been recognized as revenue.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Property taxes receivable at June 30, 2014, is composed of the following:

Year of Levy:	
2014	\$ 38,057
2013	287,436
2012	97,933
2011	14,491
2010	46,619
2009	7,575
2008	7,093
Prior to 2008	 5,716
Total	504,920
Less - allowance for uncollectible	 90,062
Net receivable	\$ 414,858

C. Accounts Receivable

Primary Government

Receivables at June 30, 2014 for the County's individual major funds and non-major, and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

		General		EMS	-	Y 13 - 18 SPLOST	:	Sanitation Fund	Internal Service	١	lonmajor Funds	Total
Receivables:												
Taxes	\$	504,920	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 504,920
Accounts		136,942		895,675		2,990		118,951	304,375		191,054	1,649,987
Intergovernmental		517,074		-		1,023,108		-	-		415,874	1,956,056
Accrued interest	_	-	_	-		-					352	352
Gross receivables		1,158,936		895,675		1,026,098		118,951	304,375		607,280	4,111,315
Less: allowance for												
Uncollectibles		(90,062)		-				(23,701)				(113,763)
Net total receivables	\$	1,068,874	\$	895,675	\$	1,026,098	\$	95,250	\$ 304,375	\$	607,280	\$ 3,997,552

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Discretely Presented Component Units

Trade receivables from the Laurens County Solid Waste Management Authority, Public Facilities Authority, Development Authority and Public Health Center as of June 30, 2014 are as follows:

	So	lid Waste	P	Public			Public		
	Ma	Management		agement Facilities			Health		
		Authority	Au	thority	Α	uthority	Center		Total
Receivables:									
Accounts	\$	169,621	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 83,394	\$	253,015
Interest		4,953		-		614	-		5,567
Rent		=		-		17,500	-		17,500
Other							 1,030,283		1,030,283
Gross receivables		174,574		-		18,114	1,113,677		1,306,365
Less: allowance for									
Uncollectibles		(17,746)					 <u> </u>	_	(17,746)
Net total receivables	\$	156,828	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	18,114	\$ 1,113,677	\$	1,288,619

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of deferred revenue and unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	<u>Unava</u>	<u>ilable</u>	<u>Un</u>	<u>earned</u>
Grant drawdowns prior to meeting all eligibility requirements	\$		\$	

Changes in Long-term Note Receivable to Component Unit

As of June 30, 2014, the County had a long – term note receivable with the Development Authority in the amount of \$712,000. The note receivable, bearing an interest rate of 0%, is to be paid in one lump sum at maturity, June 13, 2019. Long-term note receivable activity for the year ended June 30, 2014 was as follows:

									Amounts D	ue	Am	ounts Due
	В	eginning						Ending	Within On	е	Wi	thin More
Note receivable to component unit:		Balance	Additions		Reductions		Balance		Year		Than One Year	
Development Authority	\$	712,000	\$	-	\$		\$	712,000	\$		\$	712,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

D. Capital Assets

Primary Government

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2014 was as follows:

	Primary Government								
	Beginning			Ending					
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance					
Governmental activities									
Capital assets not being depreciated-									
Land	\$ 3,882,381	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,882,381					
Other capital assets:									
Buildings and other improvements	21,500,330	507,844	-	22,008,174					
Infrastructure	33,012,110	3,745,694	-	36,757,804					
Machinery and equipment	17,153,465	112,170	11,570	17,254,065					
Depreciable site improvements	530,578	-	-	530,578					
Vehicles	9,770,005	597,819	538,174	9,829,650					
Total other capital assets at historical cost	81,966,488	4,963,527	549,744	86,380,271					
Less accumulated depreciation for:									
Buildings and other improvements	(6,049,271)	(538,487)	-	(6,587,758)					
Infrastructure	(22,955,285)	(1,779,261)	-	(24,734,546)					
Machinery and equipment	(13,619,278)	(884,924)	(4,959)	(14,499,243)					
Depreciable site improvements	(432,857)	(38,187)	-	(471,044)					
Vehicles	(7,536,968)	(638,314)	(538,174)	(7,637,108)					
Total accumulated depreciation	(50,593,659)	(3,879,173)	(543,133)	(53,929,699)					
Other capital assets, net	31,372,829	1,084,354	6,611	32,450,572					
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 35,255,210	\$ 1,084,354	\$ 6,611	\$ 36,332,953					

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:

General government\$ 3,495,296Public safety383,877Total governmental activities depreciation expense\$ 3,879,173

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

D. Capital Assets (Continued)

Business - type activity	Sanitation Fund							
	Beginning			Ending				
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance				
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$ 105,934	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 105,934				
Other capital assets:								
Site improvements	221,369	-	-	221,369				
Buildings	79,047	-	-	79,047				
Machinery and equipment	681,971	-	-	681,971				
Vehicles	328,366			328,366				
Total other capital assets at historical cost	1,310,753			1,310,753				
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Site improvements	(142,426)	(10,718)	-	(153,144)				
Buildings	(43,998)	(3,952)	-	(47,950)				
Machinery and equipment	(547,599)	(34,434)	-	(582,033)				
Vehicles	(310,514)	(13,606)		(324,120)				
Total accumulated depreciation	(1,044,537)	(62,710)		(1,107,247)				
Other capital assets, net	266,216	(62,710)		203,506				
Business activities capital assets, net	\$ 372,150	\$ (62,710)	\$ -	\$ 309,440				

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Discretely Presented Component Units

Capital asset activity for the Solid Waste Management Authority for the year ended June 30, 2014 was as follows:

	Solid Waste Management Authority								
	Beginning	•	Ending						
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance					
Capital assets not being depreciated:									
Land	\$ 288,824	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 288,824					
Construction in progress		178,682		178,682					
Total capital assets not being depreciated	288,824	178,682		467,506					
Other capital assets:									
Site improvements	6,745,887	-	-	6,745,887					
Infrastructure	85,067	75,000	-	160,067					
Buildings	252,205	-	-	252,205					
Machinery and equipment	3,132,077	58,033	353,721	2,836,389					
Vehicles	158,938			158,938					
Total other capital assets at historical cost	10,374,174	133,033	353,721	10,153,486					
Less accumulated depreciation for:									
Site improvements	(6,436,006)	(17,161)	-	(6,453,167)					
Infrastructure	(54,065)	(14,820)	-	(68,885)					
Buildings	(161,445)	(3,282)	-	(164,727)					
Machinery and equipment	(1,458,076)	(236,531)	(350,011)	(1,344,596)					
Vehicles	(123,999)	(8,920)		(132,919)					
Total accumulated depreciation	(8,233,591)	(280,714)	(350,011)	(8,164,294)					
Other capital assets, net	2,140,583	(147,681)	3,710	1,989,192					
Solid Waste Management Authority capital assets, net	\$ 2,429,407	\$ 31,001	\$ 3,710	\$ 2,456,698					

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Capital asset activity for the Public Health Center for the year ended June 30, 2014 was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total capital assets not being depreciated	-			
Other capital assets:				
Machinery, equipment and furniture	2,170,133	294,627	118,934	2,345,826
Less accumulated depreciation	(1,948,772)	(135,409)	(118,934)	(1,965,247)
Other capital assets, net	221,361	159,218		380,579
Public Health Center capital assets, net	\$ 221,361	\$ 159,218	\$ -	\$ 380,579

Capital asset activity for the Development Authority for the year ended June 30, 2014 was as follows:

	Development Authority										
	Beginning		Ending								
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance							
Depreciable capital assets:											
Buildings	7,887,286	135,852	-	8,023,138							
Equipment	8,275			8,275							
Total depreciable capital assets at historical cost	7,895,561	135,852		8,031,413							
Less accumulated depreciation for:											
Buildings	(1,891,449)	(215,327)	-	(2,106,776)							
Equipment	(1,920)	(1,655)		(3,575)							
Total accumulated depreciation	(1,893,369)	(216,982)		(2,110,351)							
Development Authority capital assets, net	\$ 6,002,192	\$ (81,130)	\$ -	\$ 5,921,062							

The beginning balance of the capital assets of the Development Authority have been restated by \$4,169,701 due to the Authority reclassifying land from capital asset to restricted real estate.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

E. Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

Generally, outstanding balances between funds reported as due to/from other funds include outstanding charges by one fund to another for services or goods, subsidy commitments outstanding and other miscellaneous receivables and payables between funds. Balances to which a fiduciary fund is a party are treated as external receivables and payables. The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2014 is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Emergency Medical Service	\$ 345,354
	Grants Fund	68,571
	Enhanced 911	136,581
	Sanitation	171
	Drug Fund	21,761
	Law Library	5,000
	TIA Capital	224,869
	TIA Operating	122,430
	Permanent	794
	Crime Victims Assistance	2,238
	Employee Insurance Fund	62,501
LMIG	TSPLOST Capital	31,263
Enhanced 911	Grants Fund	78
		\$ 1,021,611
Public Facilities Authority	General Fund	\$ 770,493

Transfers and payments within the reporting entity are substantially for the purposes of subsidizing operating functions, funding capital projects and asset acquisitions, or maintaining debt service. Resources are accumulated in a fund or component unit to support and simplify the administration of various projects or programs. A reconciliation of transfers is as follows:

Fund Transferred From:	Fund Transferred To:	Amount			
General Fund	Emergency Medical Service	\$	385,981		
	Grants Fund		40,376		
	Enhanced 911		254,457		
	Employee Insurance Fund		1,416,497		
	Drug Fund		12,544		
	Juvenile Fund		78,162		
Permanent Fund	General Fund		15,372		
Law Library	General Fund		5,000		
		\$	2,208,389		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

F. <u>Due from Other Governments</u>

Amounts due from other Governmental entities at June 30, 2014 are as follows:

	Fed	eral	State	Other	Total
General Fund	\$ 64	,782	\$ 391,608	\$ 60,684	\$ 517,074
FY 13 - 18 SPLOST Fund		-	876,134	146,974	1,023,108
TIA Capital		-	256,133	-	256,133
TIA Operating		-	122,430	-	122,430
Victims Assistance		-	-	6,295	6,295
Grants			2,651	28,365	31,016
Total	\$ 64	,782	\$ 1,648,956	\$ 242,318	\$ 1,956,056

G. Long - Term Debt

Primary Government Long - Term Liabilities

Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the primary government for the year ended June 30, 2014 was as follows:

						Ar	mounts Due	Ar	nounts Due
	Beginning				Ending	٧	Vithin One	V	/ithin More
Long-term liabilities:	 Balance	Ac	dditions	Reductions	 Balance		Year	Tha	an One Year
Governmental Activities									
Bonds payable - Series A	\$ 9,145,000	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 9,145,000	\$	1,800,000	\$	7,345,000
Bonds payable - Series B	1,745,000		-	1,745,000	-		-		-
Compensated absences payable	 482,812		23,777		 506,589		506,589		<u>-</u>
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 11,372,812	\$	23,777	\$ 1,745,000	\$ 9,651,589	\$	2,306,589	\$	7,345,000

The County incurred debt to provide funds for various economic development projects of the County. Bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2014 are as follows:

Payable from Governmental Fund - Series A:	 Total	Current		Long-term
Laurens County, Georgia General Obligation Sales Tax Bonds, 2012A Series,				
issued in the amount of \$9,145,000 for economic development. Interest ranging				
from 2.0% to 4.0%, with principle and interest payments due in semi-annual installments				
to October 1, 2020. The bonds are redeemable at par.	\$ 9,145,000	\$ 1,800,00) \$	7,345,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Notes payable debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Series 2012A Bonds Payable				
Year Ending				
June 30	 Principal	Interest		
2015	\$ 1,800,000	\$	293,450	
2016	1,835,000		247,925	
2017	1,875,000		182,900	
2018	1,965,000		106,100	
2019	 1,670,000		33,400	
Total	\$ 9,145,000	\$	863,775	

Capital leases, bonds payable and compensated absences are generally liquidated by the general fund and are therefore included in the above schedule. Bonds payable will be liquidated primarily by special purpose local option sales tax collected and from transfers from the General Fund.

Component Unit Long - Term Liabilities

The Laurens County Public Facilities Authority incurred debt to provide funds for the various building improvement projects of the County. Notes outstanding as of June 30, 2014 are as follows:

Payable from Governmental Fund - PFA:	<u> </u>	Total			Long-term		
Laurens County Public Facilities Authority Revenue Bonds, 2005A Series, issued in the amount of \$2,225,000 for various projects. 4.06% interest							
rate with principle and interest payments due in quarterly installments							
to October 1, 2018. The bonds are redeemable at par.	<u>\$</u>	1,170,000	\$	161,000	\$	1,009,000	

Long-term liability activity for the Laurens County Public Facilities Authority for the year ended June 30, 2014 was as follows:

						Amo	ounts Due	Am	nounts Due
	Beginni Baland	•	ns R	Reductions	Ending Balance	Wi	ithin One Year		ithin More on One Year
Laurens County Public Facillities Authority									
Bonds - Series A	\$ 1,324	·,000 \$	<u>-</u> \$	154,000	\$ 1,170,000	\$	161,000	\$	1,009,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Notes payable debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

PFA Bonds Payable		
Year Ending		
June 30	 Principal	 Interest
2015	\$ 161,000	\$ 45,699
2016	167,000	39,079
2017	174,000	32,002
2018	182,000	24,716
2019 - 2021	 486,000	 27,934
Total	\$ 1,170,000	\$ 169,430

Long-term liability activity for the Laurens County Solid Waste Management Authority for the year ended June 30, 2014 was as follows:

		Beginning Balance	 Additions	R	eductions	_	Ending Balance	٧	/ithin One Year	Within More nan One Year
Solid Waste Management Authority										
Capital leases payable	\$	735,427	\$ -	\$	147,015	\$	588,412	\$	141,340	\$ 447,072
Compensated absences payable		13,140	2,505		-		15,645		15,645	-
Accrued closure and post closure costs	_	6,874,952	345,506	_			7,220,458	_	41,931	7,178,527
Total Solid Waste Management Authority	\$	7,623,519	\$ 348,011	\$	147,015	\$	7,824,515	\$	198,916	\$ 7,625,599

Long-term liability activity for the Dublin-Laurens County Development Authority for the year ended June 30, 2014 was as follows:

Dublin - Laurens County Development Authority:	_	Total	Current	Long-term
Note payable - Morris Bank, secured by real estate known as the Dinex tract. Fixed interest rate of 4.25%. Principal due at maturity February 28, 2015.	\$	2,132,258	\$ 2,132,258	\$ -
Note payable - Laurens County, related to the Erdrich Umformtechnick, Inc. project. Fixed interest rate of 0%. Payment will made in one lump sum at maturity. Maturity date is 6/13/19.		712,000	-	712,000
Note payable - Farmers State Bank, secured by real estate known as Hi-Tek tract. Fixed interest rate of 4.8%, payable in monthly installments of \$7,790 with final payment due April 10, 2024.		591,518	93,688	497,830
Total	\$	3,435,776	\$ 2,225,946	\$ 1,209,830

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Industrial Development Bonds were issued by the Authority in April 2012 for Erdrich Umformtechnik, Inc. and Dinex Emission, Inc. A "bonds for title" structure involves the issuance of industrial development bonds by a development authority to acquire or construct a project. The project is leased to the company at a rent equal to debt service on the bonds. This legal arrangement is primarily a tax abatement incentive and does not encumber the Authority or other government entities in any way for the debt service related to the bonds.

Long-term liability activity for the Public Health Center for the year ended June 30, 2014 was as follows:

	В	eginning						Ending	W	ithin One	Wi	thin More
		Balance		dditions	Reductions		Balance		Year		Than One Year	
Public Health Center												
Compensated absences payable	\$	308,785	\$	11,014	\$		\$	319,799	\$	63,960	\$	255,839

Changes in Long-term Advances to the Primary Government

Long-term advances to the primary government activity for the year ended June 30, 2014 for the Public Facilities Authority was as follows:

								Am	nounts Due	An	nounts Due	
	В	eginning					Ending	W	ithin One	W	/ithin More	
Advances to primary government:		Balance Additions		R	Reductions		Balance		Year		Than One Year	
General Fund	\$	829,002	\$	- \$	58,509	\$	770,493	\$	60,927	\$	709,566	

H. Capital Leases

The Laurens County Solid Waste Management Authority has entered into a lease agreement as lessee for financing the acquisition of equipment. This lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes (titles transfer at the end of the lease term) and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of its inception. The following is an analysis of the equipment leased under the capital lease as of June 30, 2014:

	Sc	olid Waste	
	Ma	nagement	
		Authority Activities	
Asset -			
Machinery and Equipment	\$	735,427	
Less: Accumulated amortization*		(68,838)	
Total	\$	666,589	

^{*} The related amortization expense has been included with the depreciation expense.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2014 were as follows:

<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>	Solid Waste Management Authority Activities				
2015	\$	157,053			
2016		157,053			
2017		157,053			
2018		157,053			
Total minimum lease payments		628,212			
Less: amount representing interest		(39,800)			
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	588,412			

I. Segment Information

Laurens County Solid Waste Management Authority issued bonds to finance the costs of acquiring, constructing, and monitoring the County's landfill. The Authority is accounted for as a component unit. However, investors in the revenue bonds rely on the revenue generated by landfill activities for repayment. Summary financial information for the landfill is presented on the following page.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

LAURENS COUNTY SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 819,062
Accounts and interest receivable	156,828
Capital assets:	
Land and other non-depreciable assets	467,506
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	1,989,192
Prepaid expenses	9,504
Restricted cash - post closure care costs	3,977,896
Total assets	 7,419,988
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	73,714
Accrued expenses	18,072
Current portion of accrued closure and post closure costs	41,931
Advances from primary government	33,592
Current portion of compensated absences payable	15,645
Accrued closure and post closure costs, net of current portion	7,178,527
Long-term obligations:	
Due within one year	141,340
Due in more than one year	 447,072
Total liabilities	 7,949,893
Net Position:	
Net investment in capital assets	1,868,286
Reserved for post closure costs	3,977,896
Unrestricted	 (6,376,087)
Total net position	\$ (529,905)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Landfill charges (pledged against bonds) Depreciation expense	\$	1,521,271 (280,714)
Other operating expenses		(1,315,751)
Operating loss		(75,194)
Non-operating revenues (expenses):		
Interest income		19,630
Cleanup income		37,310
Gain on disposal of capital assets		30,766
Miscellaneous income		742
Interest expense		(10,190)
Non-operating revenue		78,258
Change in net position		3,064
Beginning net position		(532,969)
Ending net position	\$	(529,905)
CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS		
Net cash provided (used) by:		
Operating activities	\$	585,333
Capital and related financing activities		(434,444)
Investing activities	_	(549,700)
Net increase		(398,811)
Beginning cash and cash equivalents		1,217,873
Ending cash and cash equivalents	\$	819,062

IV. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the Government carries commercial insurance. The County established a limited risk management program for employee health and dental insurance in 1992. Premiums are paid into the internal service fund on an allocated basis where the County pays 65% of the premiums and the employee pays 35% of the premiums. Premiums are available to pay claims, claims reserve, excess insurance coverage and administrative costs of the program. During the fiscal year 2014, a total of \$3,508,770 was paid in benefits and administrative costs. An excess coverage insurance policy covers individual claims in excess of \$50,000. Based upon past claims history, claims incurred but not reported is considered to be immaterial and have not been accrued.

The County has joined together with other governments in the state as part of the Georgia Interlocal Risk Management Agency Property and Liability Insurance Fund and the Association of County Commissioners of Georgia (ACCG) Workers' Compensation Self Insurance Fund, public entity risk pools currently operating as common risk management and insurance programs for member local governments. As part of these risk pools, the County is obligated to pay all contributions and assessments as prescribed by the pools, to cooperate with the pool's agents and attorneys, to follow loss reduction procedures established by the funds, and to report as promptly as possible, and in accordance with any coverage descriptions issued, all incidents which could result in the funds being required to pay any claim of loss. The County is also to allow the pool's agents and attorneys to represent the County in investigation, settlement discussions and all levels of litigation arising out of any claim made against the County within the scope of loss protection furnished by the funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

The funds are to defend and protect the members of the funds against liability or loss as prescribed in the member government contract and in accordance with the workers' compensation law of Georgia. The funds are to pay all costs taxed against members in any legal proceeding defended by the members, all interest accruing after entry of judgment, and all expenses incurred for investigation, negotiation or defense.

Settled claims in the current year have not exceeded the coverage.

Claims and Judgments - Description

Significant losses experienced by the County are covered by commercial insurance for all risks except employee health care for which the County retains the risk of loss. For insured risks there have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or prior years.

Claims Liabilities

The County records an estimated liability for indemnity health care, torts and other claims against the County. Claim liabilities are based on estimates of the ultimate cost of reportable claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) and an estimate for claims incurred but not reported based on historical experience.

Unpaid Claim Liabilities

The fund establishes a liability for both reported and unreported events, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claims adjustment expenses.

The following represents the changes in approximate aggregate liabilities for the County from July 1, 2012 to June 30. 2014:

	Health Care	Torts
Liability balance July 1, 2012	\$ 293,646	\$ -
Claims and changes in estimates	3,139,747	-
Claims payments	(2,978,656)	
Liability balance June 30, 2013	454,737	-
Claims and changes in estimates	2,980,163	-
Claims payments	(3,029,374)	
Liability balance June 30, 2014	\$ 405,526	\$ -
Assets available to pay claims at June 30, 2014	\$ 866	\$ -

B. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

1. <u>Plan Description</u> - The County contributes to the Association of County Commissioners of Georgia (ACCG) Defined Benefit Plan (Plan), an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating counties in Georgia. The Plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report, but the Plan is included in the financial report of the ACCG. A copy of the financial report may be obtained from GEBCorp, 400 Galleria Parkway, Suite 1250, Atlanta, Georgia, 30339.

The specific benefit provisions of the County's plan were established by an adoption agreement executed by the County Board of Commissioners. The Plan provides for benefits upon retirement, death, disablement and termination of employment, if certain eligibility conditions are met.

All full-time County employees are eligible to participate in the Plan after completing three years of service. Benefits vest after five years of service. Participants become eligible to retire at age 65 with 3 years of participation in the Plan. Upon eligibility to retire, participants are entitled to an annual benefit in the amount of 50% of average annual compensation up to \$6,600 plus 1.00% of average annual compensation in excess of \$6,600 plus \$18.00 for each year of service payable as a life annuity.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Compensation is averaged over a five-year period prior to retirement or termination. The Plan also provides benefits in the event of death or disability. These benefit provisions were established by an adoption agreement executed by the County Board of Commissioners.

County employees are not required to contribute to the Plan. The annual County contribution to the Plan is determined using actuarial methods and assumptions approved by the ACCG Plan trustees and must satisfy the minimum contribution requirement contained in the State of Georgia Statute 47-20. The required contribution for the 2014 plan year was \$556,805. This amount represents 7.1% of covered payroll.

Participant counts as of January 1, 2013 (the most recent actuarial valuation date) and covered compensation (based on covered earnings for the preceding year) are shown below:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	88
Terminated plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	202
Active employees participating in the Plan	214
Total	504
Covered compensation for active participants	\$ 7,880,036

2. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> - The Plan's financial statements are prepared on an accrual basis, modified to include unrealized gains or losses on marketable securities owned by the Plan and incremental changes in the cash value of pre-retirement life insurance policies owned by the trust. The Plan does not issue stand-alone financial statements.

Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which contributions are due. County contributions are recognized when due and the County has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable.

Investments in securities are valued at current market prices. The trust fund is invested, approximately, in 60% equities and 40% fixed income securities on a cost basis.

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2013. The following summarizes the actuarial methods and assumptions used in that valuation.

Valuation date January 1, 2013
Actuarial cost method Projected Unit Credit
Asset valuation method Market value
Amortization method Level Percent of Pay (Closed)
Remaining amortization period* 10 years

Actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return 7.75% per annum
Projected salary increases 4.0% - 6.5% per annum based on age
Inflation adjustments 3% per annum
Post-retirement benefit increases None

^{*}Represents the estimated amortization period for all unfunded liabilities combined into one amortization base

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

- 3. <u>Contributions</u> The County is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. Section 47-20 of the Georgia Code sets forth the funding standards for state and local Governmental pension plans. Administrative expenses are based on total covered compensation of active plan participants and are added to the state-required annual funding requirement. The Georgia Constitution enables the governing authority of the County, the Board of Commissioners, to establish and amend from time to time, the contribution rates for the County and its plan participants.
- 4. <u>Annual Pension Cost, Net Pension Obligation and Reserves</u> Current year annual pension costs for the Plan are shown in the trend information provided below. Annual required contributions were made to the Plan.

Required contribution	\$ 459,433
Interest on net pension obligation	3,552
Amortization on net pension obligation	 (3,801)
Total annual pension cost	459,184
Employer contributions	 451,750
Decrease in net pension obligation	7,434
Net pension obligation, beginning of year	 45,833
Net pension obligation, end of year	\$ 53,267

There are no assets legally reserved for purposes other than the payment of plan member benefits for either plan. There are no long-term contracts for contributions.

5. Trend Information

Year	Pension		County		Percentage		Obligation	
Ended	Co	Cost (APC)		Contribution	Contributed			(NPO)
2011	\$	458,080	\$	444,263	ç	97.0%	\$	32,016
2012		459,184		451,750	(98.0%		45,833
2013		556.516		541.912	ç	97.0%		53.267

6. Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the Plan as of January 1, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation date, is as follows:

		Actuarial	Actuarial		Unfunded		Unfunded AAL
Actuarial		Value of	Accrued	Funded	AAL		as a Percentage
Valuation		Assets	Liability (AAL)	Ratio	(UAAL)	Covered	of Covered Payroll
Date		(a)	(b)	(a/b)	b-a	Payroll	((b-a)/c)
2013	*	8,423,765	9,566,990	88.1%	1,143,225	7,880,036	14.5%

* Reflects change to asset smoothing adopted by the ACCG Pension Plan and Trust Board of Trustees

The schedule of funding progress, presented as RSI following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

C. Closure and Post-Closure Care Cost

1. Landfill Related Contingencies

During the year ended June 30, 1995, the County was notified that the old landfill site, closed on January 13, 1995, had been identified as a hazardous waste site. As such, the County will have to comply with prescribed procedures regarding clean-up and additional monitoring. As of June 30, 2014, it was impossible to determine the cost of the related liability as the required procedures to bring the Landfill into compliance with respective laws and regulations have not yet been determined. The County has contributed, under the Hazardous Site Response Act, 50 cents per ton of waste received by the landfill to the State of Georgia Department of Human Resources Superfund. These funds have been earmarked by the State to identify and clean-up hazardous waste sites. Accordingly, it is impractical to determine the extent that the County will fund this liability.

The Georgia Comprehensive Solid Waste Management Act of 1990 includes several mandated reductions and/or changes in solid waste disposal. This Act includes a requirement to reduce solid waste disposal by 25% by July 1, 1996, and requirements for recycling programs among other requirements. The County has elected to participate in the Solid Waste Management Plan developed by the Heart of Georgia Regional Development Center. This plan has a ten-year implementation strategy to fulfill the requirements of the Solid Waste Management Act of 1990.

2. Sanitary Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Care Costs

State and federal laws and regulations require the Laurens County Solid Waste Management Authority to place a final cover on its landfill sites when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. Although closure and post-closure cash costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the Authority reports a portion of these closure and post-closure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date.

The \$7,220,458 reported as landfill closure and post-closure care liability at June 30, 2014, represents the cumulative amount reported to date based on the use of 100% of the estimated capacity of the old landfill site and 63.0% percent of the estimated capacity of the new landfill site. The landfill closure and post-closure care liability for the old and new landfill sites are \$832,279 and \$6,388,179, respectively. The estimated remaining life of the new landfill is 38 years. The total estimated costs of closure and post-closure care costs as determined at June 30, 2014 amounted to \$10,979,640. Actual costs for closure and post-closure may differ from the estimate due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulation.

Due to the competitive nature of the market which serves landfill monitoring and care and changes in inflation and technology, the estimated post-closure and closure care costs increased during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. The increase was reflected in the operating statement of the landfill.

The Authority plans to finance closure and post-closure care costs through user fees. However, if the user fees are inadequate or additional post-closure care requirements are later determined to be due, these costs will be covered by transfers from the General Fund of Laurens County, Georgia.

D. Contingent Liabilities

Grant Funds

The County participates in numerous grant programs on the federal and state level. Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal Government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the Government expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

E. Joint Venture

Under Georgia law, Laurens County, in conjunction with other cities and counties in the 17 county south central Georgia area, is a member of the Heart of Georgia Altamaha Regional Commission (RC) and is required to pay annual dues thereto. Membership in a RC is required by the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (OCGA) Section 50-8-34 which provides for the organizational structure of the RC in Georgia. The RC Board membership includes the chief elected official of each county and municipality of the area. OCGA 50-8-39.1 provides that the member Governments are liable for any debts or obligations of a RC. Separate financial statements may be obtained from:

Heart of Georgia Altamaha Regional Center 5405 Oak Street Eastman, Georgia 31023

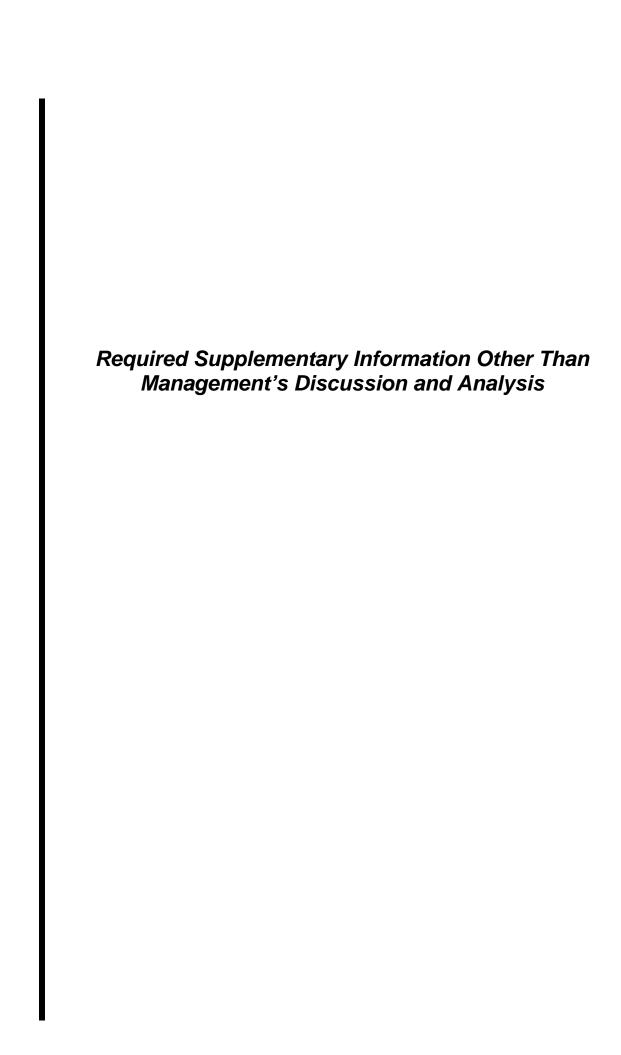
F. Conduit Debt Obligations

During the year ended June 30, 2009, the Laurens County Public Facilities Authority entered into an intergovernmental contract with the City of Dublin School District to issue \$4,500,000 in revenue bonds to provide funds to acquire, construct and equip capital outlay projects of the School District. Under the intergovernmental contract, the School District has an unconditional obligation to provide sufficient funds for debt service payments and related paying agent or bond registrar fees. The School District is authorized to exercise its powers of taxation to the extent necessary to pay the amounts required by the contract. The County and the Authority have no liability for repayment of these bonds and, accordingly, these bonds have not been recorded as a liability on the financial statements of the County or the Authority. As of June 30, 2014, the outstanding balance of these revenue bonds was \$4,500,000.

G. Subsequent Events

Subsequent to June 30, 2014, the County approved a grant of up to \$2,900,000 to be paid to the Dublin Laurens County Development Authority for economic development purposes. In addition, subsequent to June 30, 2014, the County approved a loan of \$375,000 to the Dublin Laurens County Development Authority for economic development purposes.

The County performed an evaluation of subsequent events through February 20, 2015 February 20, 2015, the date upon which the County's financial statements were available for issue. The County has not evaluated subsequent events after this date. Other than the item noted above, no subsequent events were identified that would have required a change to the financial statements or disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

EXHIBIT 12 PAGE 1 OF

1

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	_	nal Budgeted Amounts	al Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues:							
Taxes Revenues:							
General property taxes	\$	7,488,250	\$ 7,488,250	\$	8,678,839	\$	1,190,589
Local option sales tax		5,000,000	5,000,000		4,539,666		(460,334)
Cable franchise fees		100,000	100,000		123,989		23,989
Financial institution tax		100,000	100,000		110,936		10,936
Real estate transfer tax		19,000	19,000		18,244		(756)
Other taxes:							
Railroad equipment tax		10,500	10,500		11,314		814
Life insurance premium tax		865,950	865,950		898,118		32,168
Intangible personal tax recording		113,000	113,000		69,450		(43,550)
Beer, wine and liquor tax		99,000	99,000		87,354		(11,646)
Total taxes revenues		13,795,700	13,795,700		14,537,910		742,210
Licenses and Permits:							
Alcoholic beverage licenses		16,000	16,000		15,200		(800)
Building permits		25,000	25,000		30,731		5,731
Tower permits		-	-		15,500		15,500
Land disturbance permits		1,000	1,000		347		(653)
Total licenses and permits		42,000	42,000		61,778		19,778
Grant Revenues:							
General -							
GEMA		15,730	15,730		16,940		1,210
Public safety:							
Local law enforcement block grant		-	-		5,727		5,727
EMA		-	-		500		500
FEMA		170,695	170,695		262,218		91,523
School security		81,010	 81,010	_	81,185	_	175
Total grant revenues		267,435	 267,435	_	366,570	_	99,135
Charges for Services:							
Public safety:							
Sheriff - inmate housing and fees		578,000	578,000		554,606		(23,394)
Miscellaneous reimbursements		263,600	263,600		314,170		50,570
General government:							
Superior Court fees		40,095	40,095		42,309		2,214
Administration fees		14,400	14,400		14,700		300
Miscellaneous reimbursements		411,250	411,250		468,621		57,371
Public works -							
Miscellaneous reimbursements		150,000	 150,000		233,816	_	83,816
Total charges for services		1,457,345	 1,457,345		1,628,222	_	170,877

EXHIBIT 12 PAGE 2 OF 4

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Original Budgeted Amounts		Fi	nal Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts			Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
Fines and Forfeitures:									
Magistrate Court	\$	255,000	\$	255,000	\$	250,901	\$	(4,099)	
Superior Court		435,000		435,000		406,002		(28,998)	
Juvenile Court		15,500		15,500		9,069		(6,431)	
Probate Court		1,756,000		1,756,000		1,498,954		(257,046)	
Public Defender		25,000		25,000		24,964		(36)	
Total fines and forfeitures		2,486,500		2,486,500		2,189,890	_	(296,610)	
Interest Income:									
County treasurer		2,500		2,500		2,808		308	
Sheriff		-		-		36		36	
Tax commissioner		3,500		3,500		3,108	_	(392)	
Total interest income		6,000		6,000		5,952	_	(48)	
Miscellaneous Revenues:									
Rents - county owned buildings		154,545		154,545		164,452		9,907	
Miscellaneous		10,750		10,750		18,847		8,097	
Total miscellaneous revenues		165,295		165,295		183,299	_	18,004	
Total Revenues	\$	18,220,275	\$	18,220,275	\$	18,973,621	\$	753,346	

EXHIBIT 12 PAGE 3 OF 4

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	_	Original Budgeted Amounts		Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts			Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Government:								
County Administrator	\$	287,265	\$	287,265	\$	290,180	\$	(2,915)
County Commissioners		114,390		114,390		111,649		2,741
County Administration		815,490		815,490		845,284		(29,794)
Finance Office		234,855		234,855		236,077		(1,222)
Board of Equalization		4,115		4,115		4,394		(279)
Elections		53,535		53,535		62,234		(8,699)
Board of Registrars		133,000		133,000		123,539		9,461
Tax Assessor		789,720		789,720		722,168		67,552
Tax Commissioner		472,235		472,235		473,338		(1,103)
County Attorney		134,785		134,785		133,884		901
Data processing		88,295		88,295		85,497		2,798
Airport		94,350		94,350		104,966		(10,616)
Courthouse		252,365		252,365		274,221		(21,856)
Other public buildings		53,900		53,900		62,390		(8,490)
Total general government		3,528,300		3,528,300		3,529,821		(1,521)
Judicial:								
Court Reporter		120,050		120,050		122,865		(2,815)
Superior Court Judge		188,180		188,180		133,358		54,822
Clerk of Superior Court		673,650		673,650		638,744		34,906
District Attorney		680,645		680,645		661,539		19,106
Magistrate Court		206,170		206,170		205,244		926
Public Defender		329,205		329,205		343,112		(13,907)
Probate Judge		322,640		322,640		325,439		(2,799)
Jury administration		93,365		93,365		86,274		7,091
Juvenile Court		118,420		118,420		97,415		21,005
Total judicial		2,732,325		2,732,325		2,613,990		118,335
Public Safety:								
Sheriff Department		2,826,415		2,826,415		2,755,687		70,728
Jail facility		2,412,950		2,412,950		2,418,593		(5,643)
Drug Task Force		237,980		237,980		231,264		6,716
Special Response Team		4,500		4,500		2,452		2,048
Probation		550		550		557		(7)
Interstate Crime Enforcement Unit		281,220		281,220		285,515		(4,295)
School Security		81,010		81,010		88,999		(7,989)
Rural Fire Department		546,335		546,335		524,101		22,234
First Responders Grant		170,695		170,695		220,203		(49,508)
Coroner		74,340		74,340		73,468		872
Animal Control		174,120		174,120		169,490		4,630
D.A.R.E.		7,000		7,000		5,891		1,109
Courthouse Security		260,885		260,885		295,784		(34,899)
Community Service	-	13,720		13,720		14,001		(281)
Total public safety		7,091,720	_	7,091,720	_	7,086,005	_	5,715

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Original Budgeted Amounts	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Public Works:				
Maintenance shop		\$ 412,290		. ,
Public Works department	1,507,105	1,507,105	1,715,218	(208,113)
Building inspection	63,970	63,970	61,262	2,708
Total public works	1,983,365	1,983,365	2,189,300	(205,935)
Health and Welfare:	101705	404.705	400.000	(4.500)
Health department	164,795	164,795	166,393	(1,598)
Laurens DFCS	4,500	4,500	11,250	(6,750)
Total health and welfare	169,295	169,295	177,643	(8,348)
Conservation of Natural Resources:				
County Agent	59,060	59,060	55,443	3,617
Recreation Authority	600,000	600,000	600,000	-
Laurens County Library	378,455	378,455	378,455	-
Forestry commission	46,855	46,855	49,270	(2,415)
Total conservation of natural resources	1,084,370	1,084,370	1,083,168	1,202
Housing and Development:				
Heart of Georgia RDC	28,000	28,000	27,608	392
Clean Community Association	-	-	2,500	(2,500)
Dublin Main Street Program	5,000	5,000	5,000	-
Laurens County Development Authority	123,625	123,625	132,863	(9,238)
City of Dublin - Fred's Project	26,020	26,020	26,020	
Total housing and development	182,645	182,645	193,991	(11,346)
Debt Service:				
Principal	79,510	79,510	58,509	21,001
Interest and other charges	32,645	32,645	32,642	3
Total Debt Service	112,155	112,155	91,151	21,004
Total Expenditures	16,884,175	16,884,175	16,965,069	(80,894)
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	1,336,100	1,336,100	2,008,552	672,452
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	30,000	30,000	40,950	10,950
Transfer in	162,200	162,200	20,372	(141,828)
Transfers out	(1,528,300)	(1,528,300)	(2,188,017)	(659,717)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,336,100)	(1,336,100)	(2,126,695)	(790,595)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other				
Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures				
and Other Financing Uses	-	-	(118,143)	(118,143)
Fund Balance, Beginning	3,835,673	3,835,673	3,835,673	-
	-,,0.0			

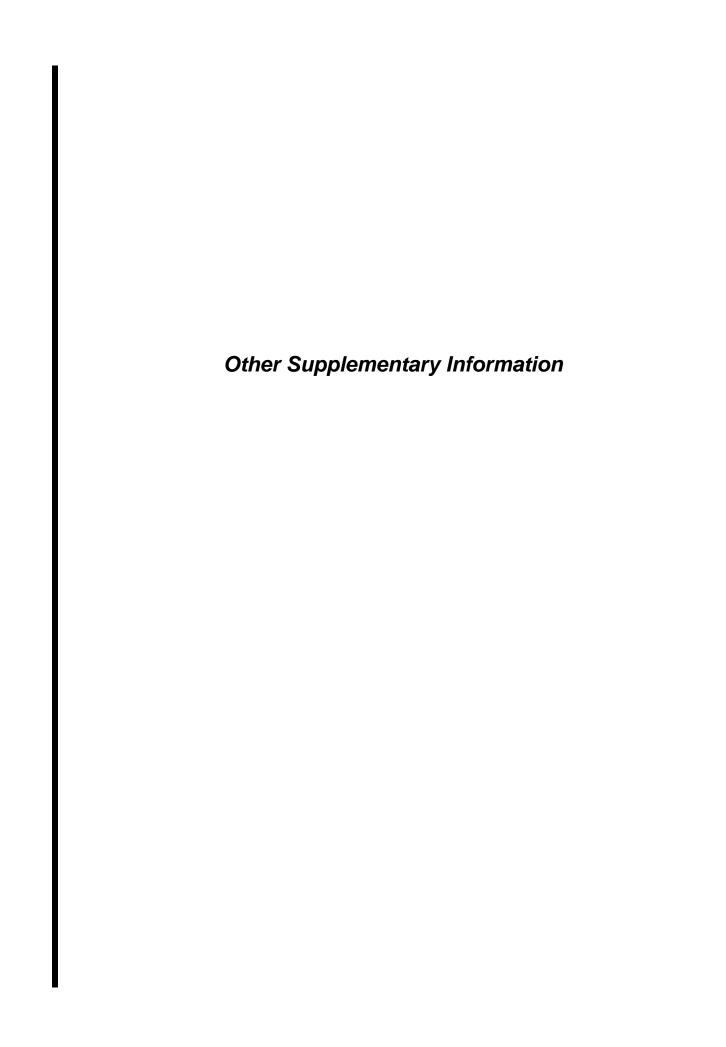
EXHIBIT 13

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

I. SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

		Actuarial		Actuarial		- 1	Unfunded			Unfunded AAL
Actuarial		Value of		Accrued	Funded AAL		as a Percentage			
Valuation		Assets	Lia	ability (AAL)	Ratio	(UAAL)		Covered		of Covered Payroll
Date		(a)		(b)	(a/b)	b-a		-a Pay		((b-a)/c)
2007		\$ 5,785,623	\$	6,287,832	92.0%	\$	502,209	\$	5,787,263	8.7%
2008		5,737,865		6,773,600	84.7%		1,035,735		6,166,414	16.8%
2009	*	6,219,444		7,146,234	87.0%		926,790		6,128,977	15.1%
2010	*	6,671,167		7,934,183	84.1%		1,263,017		7,267,107	17.4%
2011	*	7,031,343		8,306,840	84.6%		1,275,497		7,475,226	17.1%
2012	*	7,445,251		8,842,447	84.2%		1,397,196		7,671,872	18.2%
2013	*	8,423,765		9,566,990	88.1%		1,143,225		7,880,036	14.5%

^{*} Reflects change to asset smoothing adopted by the ACCG Pension Plan and Trust Board of Trustees



Major Governmental Funds:

FY 13 - 18 SPLOST Fund accounts for the special purpose local option sales tax proceeds collected for the acquisition or construction of major capital projects and payment of County debt.

Permanent Fund accounts for resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the County's economic development programs.

Emergency Medical Services Fund accounts for the activities of the County's ambulance service.

EXHIBIT 14

FY 13 - 18 SPLOST FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Original and Final Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative	
Revenues:						
Sales tax revenues	\$	8,466,500	\$	7,875,605	\$	(590,895)
Grant revenues		-		228,061		228,061
Interest Income		3,000		4,117		1,117
Other income		6,000		12,204	-	6,204
Total revenues		8,475,500		8,119,987		(355,513)
Expenditures:						
Salaries		381,435		337,951		43,484
Group insurance		39,080		37,613		1,467
Worker's compensation		28,050		31,401		(3,351)
Payroll taxes		26,880		24,745		2,135
Prison detail		38,000		78,714		(40,714)
Gas and diesel		150,000		183,816		(33,816)
Principal payments		1,745,000		1,745,000		-
Interest expenditures		328,900		329,850		(950)
Economic development		50,000		50,000		-
City of Dublin		2,341,365		2,177,605		163,760
City of East Dublin		359,038		333,926		25,112
Dublin - Laurens County Recreation Authority		79,597		74,030		5,567
Capital outlay		2,908,155		1,573,224		1,334,931
Total expenditures		8,475,500		6,977,875		1,497,625
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		-		1,142,112		1,142,112
Fund Balance, Beginning		5,575,825		5,575,825		<u>-</u>
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	5,575,825	\$	6,717,937	\$	1,142,112

EXHIBIT 15

PERMANENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Fina	iginal and al Budgeted Amounts	 Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
Revenues - Interest Income	\$	174,800	\$ 15,372	\$	(159,428)
Expenditures		240	 <u>-</u>		240
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		174,560	 15,372		(159,188)
Other Financing Use - Transfer out		(174,560)	(15,372)		159,188
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures and Other Financing Use		-	-		-
Fund Balance, Beginning		7,200,000	 7,200,000		<u>-</u>
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	7,200,000	\$ 7,200,000	\$	<u>-</u>

EXHIBIT 16

EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Fina	Original and Final Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues:					- recurre (resgumes)
Ambulance fees	\$	1,943,000	\$	2,020,040	\$ 77,040
Interest income		200		232	32
Grant income		-		16,221	16,221
Other income	<u></u>	1,500		40,516	39,016
Total revenues		1,944,700		2,077,009	132,309
Expenditures:					
Salaries		1,596,060		1,638,171	(42,111)
Group insurance		179,870		175,447	4,423
Payroll taxes		112,295		118,118	(5,823)
Worker's compensation		46,895		50,510	(3,615)
Other professional services		3,250		1,701	1,549
Travel		6,200		-	6,200
Pest control		1,920		1,920	-
Education and training		7,500		18,274	(10,774)
Supplies		90,250		151,717	(61,467)
Repairs and maintenance		102,830		102,594	236
Licenses		20,100		20,100	-
Postage		10,000		9,248	752
Uniforms		8,000		6,477	1,523
Utilities		52,900		48,824	4,076
Gas and diesel		93,800		101,382	(7,582)
Miscellaneous		3,300		3,951	(651)
Capital outlay				14,556	(14,556)
Total expenditures		2,335,170	_	2,462,990	(127,820)
Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditures		(390,470)		(385,981)	4,489
Other Financing Sources: Transfer in		389,470		385,981	(3,489)
				000,001	,
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	1,000			(1,000)
Total Other Financing Sources		390,470		385,981	(4,489)
Excess of Revenues and Other					
Financing Sources Over Expenditures		-		-	-
Fund Balance, Beginning		550	_	550	
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	550	\$	550	\$ -

Major Enterprise Fund -**Sanitation Fund** accounts for the activities of the County's sanitation operations.

SANITATION FUND STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2014

	Business - Activity Enterprise	· -	
	Sanitation Fund		
ASSETS			
Current Assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	78,131	
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for uncollectibles		95,250	
Total current assets		173,381	
Noncurrent Assets:			
Capital assets:			
Nondepreciable assets		105,934	
Depreciable assets, net of depreciation		203,506	
Total capital assets, net	<u> </u>	309,440	
Total Assets		482,821	
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts payable		2,087	
Due to other funds		171	
Total Current Liabilities		2,258	
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets		309,440	
Unrestricted	·	171,123	
Total Net Position	\$	480,563	

EXHIBIT 18

LAURENS COUNTY, GEORGIA

SANITATION FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Business - Type Activity - Enterprise Fund
	Sanitation Fund
Operating Revenues:	
Refuse collection charges	\$ 605,148
Other income	11,036
Total operating revenues	616,184
Operating Expenses:	
Salaries	5,197
Employee benefits	581
Other professional services	914,944
Utilities	38,859
Repairs and maintenance	6,382
Rental expense	2,242
Depreciation expense	62,712
Supplies	580
Landfill dumping fees	4,441
Miscellaneous expenses	28,169
Total operating expenses	1,064,107
Operating Loss	(447,923)
Non-operating Revenues:	
Interest income	229
Insurance premium tax	384,050
Total non-operating revenues	384,279
Change in net position	(63,644)
Net Position, Beginning	544,207
Net Position, Ending	<u>\$ 480,563</u>

SANITATION FUND STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Bus	iness - Type
		Activity - erprise Fund
	s	anitation Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		
Receipts from customers and others Payments to suppliers	\$	620,337 (196,839)
Payments to employees Payments to others		(5,778) (914,944)
Net cash used in operating activities		(497,224)
Cash Flows from Non - Capital and Related Financing Activities - Insurance premium tax		384,050
Cash Flows from Investing Activities - Interest income		229
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(112,945)
Balances - beginning of year		191,076
Balances - end of year	\$	78,131
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Operating loss	\$	(447,923)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net		
cash provided by operating activities:		62,712
Depreciation Net change in assets and liabilities attributable to operations:		02,712
Accounts receivable		4,153
Prepaid expenses		4,579
Accounts payable		(37,888)
Accrued expenses payable		(5,086)
Due to other funds		(77,771)
Net cash used in operating activities	\$	(497,224)

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.

- Grants To account for grant funds that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.
- Confiscated Assets To account for the revenues received that are designated for the purpose of enhancing law enforcement or capital outlay.
- Enhanced 911 To account for the activities of the E911 telephone operations center.
- Crime Victims Assistance To account for the portion of all state court fines designated to be used for crime victims who have been displaced.
- Law Library To account for the law library fees included in all fines which
 are specifically designated for the County's law library.
- Alternative Dispute Resolution To account for the alternative dispute resolution fees included in fines which are specifically designated to provide mediation assistance.
- Sheriff Commissary Fund To account for the activities of the inmate canteen operated by the Sheriff's Department.
- Judicial Services Fund To account for the revenues received that are designated for the purpose of enhancing judicial services and law enforcement.
- Juvenile Fund To account for the Juvenile Court revenues received that are designated for the purpose of enhancing Juvenile Court services.
- Drug Fund To account for the Drug Abuse Treatment and Education revenues received and the restricted expenditures.
- TIA Operating Fund To account for TSPLOST funds that are legally restricted to expenditure for road maintenance and projects within the County.

Capital Project Funds are used to account the acquisition of capital assets or construction of major capital projects not being financed by proprietary or nonexpendable trust funds.

- TIA Capital Fund To account for TSPLOST funds that are legally restricted to expenditure for capital road projects within the County.
- SPLOST Fund accounts for the special purpose local option sales tax proceeds collected for the acquisition or construction of major capital projects.
- LMIG Fund To account for Local Maintenance and Improvement Grant (LMIG) funds that are legally restricted to expenditure for capital road projects within the County.

EXHIBIT 20

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

	Total Nonmajor cial Revenue Funds	Total Nonmajor pital Project Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
ASSETS					
Cash	\$ 1,156,321	\$ 1,983,829	\$	3,140,150	
Accounts receivable	157,352	33,702		191,054	
Due from other governments	159,741	256,133		415,874	
Due from other funds	78	31,263		31,341	
Accrued interest	352	-		352	
Prepaid expenses	 3,247	 <u>-</u>		3,247	
Total Assets	\$ 1,477,091	\$ 2,304,927	\$	3,782,018	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ 24,341	\$ 407,117	\$	431,458	
Unavailable revenues	-	256,133		256,133	
Accrued expenses payable	20,310	-		20,310	
Due to other funds	 356,659	 256,132		612,791	
Total liabilities	 401,310	 919,382		1,320,692	
Fund Balance:					
Nonspendable for prepaid expenditures	3,247	-		3,247	
Restricted for special programs	 1,072,534	 1,385,545		2,458,079	
Total fund balance	 1,075,781	 1,385,545		2,461,326	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 1,477,091	\$ 2,304,927	\$	3,782,018	

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

		Grants		nfiscated Assets	Er	nhanced 911	,	Crime Victims ssistance	-	Judicial services		Law Library		ternative Dispute esolution		heriff missary		Drug		Juvenile		TIA perating		Total
ASSETS																								
Cash	\$	68,717	\$	57,647	\$	434,734	\$	229,365	\$	44,736	\$	10,032	\$	79,025	\$	138,328	\$	12,130	\$	81,607	\$	-	\$	1,156,321
Accounts receivable		-		-		138,414		-		-		-		-		18,938		-		-		-		157,352
Due from other governments		31,016		-		-		6,295		-		-		-		-		-		-		122,430		159,74
Due from other funds		-		-		78		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		78
Accrued interest		-		-		-		319		-		-		33		-		-		-		-		352
Prepaid expenses		1,129				2,040		78		-						-				-				3,247
Total Assets	\$	100,862	\$	57,647	\$	575,266	\$	236,057	\$	44,736	\$	10,032	\$	79,058	\$	157,266	\$	12,130	\$	81,607	\$	122,430	\$	1,477,09
Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$	9,785	\$	_	\$	5,793	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,014	\$	_	\$	7,749	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	24.34
Accrued expenses payable	Ψ	651	Ψ		φ	19,448	Ψ	211	Ψ	-	Ψ	1,014	Ψ	_	Ψ	1,149	Ψ	-	Ψ		Ψ	_	Ψ	20,310
Due to other funds		68,649		_		136,581		2,238		_		5,000		_		_		21,761		_		122,430		356,659
Total liabilities	_	79,085		-		161,822		2,449				6,014	_			7,749		21,761				122,430		401,310
Fund Balance (Deficit):																								
Nonspendable for prepaid expenditures		1,129		-		2,040		78		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		3,24
Restricted for special programs		20,648		57,647		411,404		233,530		44,736		4,018		79,058		149,517		(9,631)		81,607				1,072,534
Total fund balance (deficit)		21,777		57,647	_	413,444		233,608		44,736		4,018		79,058		149,517		(9,631)		81,607	_			1,075,78
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance (Deficit)	•	100,862	\$	57,647	\$	575,266	\$	236,057	\$	44,736	\$	10,032	\$	79,058	\$	157,266	¢	12,130	\$	81,607	\$	122,430	œ	1,477,09

EXHIBIT 22

LAURENS COUNTY, GEORGIA

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

		TIA Capital	 LMIG	SPLOST	Total
ASSETS			 		 _
Cash	\$	-	\$ 28,464	\$ 1,955,365	\$ 1,983,829
Accounts receivable		-	33,702	_	33,702
Due from other governments		256,133	-	-	256,133
Due from other funds		<u>-</u>	31,263	_	 31,263
Total Assets	\$	256,133	\$ 93,429	\$ 1,955,365	\$ 2,304,927
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT)					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$	37,073	\$ 307,218	62,826	\$ 407,117
Unavailable revenues		256,133	-	-	256,133
Due to other funds		256,132	 	 	 256,132
Total liabilities		549,338	 307,218	 62,826	 919,382
Fund Balance (Deficit):					
Restricted for special programs		(293,205)	(213,789)	1,892,539	1,385,545
Total fund balance (deficit)	_	(293,205)	(213,789)	 1,892,539	1,385,545
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance (Deficit)	\$	256,133	\$ 93,429	\$ 1,955,365	\$ 2,304,927

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		Total Nonmajor Capital Project Funds		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ 730,880	\$	-	\$	730,880
Charges for services Fines and forfeitures	1,059,552 235,468		-		1,059,552 235,468
Grant revenue	268,177		1,932,115		2,200,292
Contribution revenue	8,891		-		8,891
Interest income	1,540		4,826		6,366
Other revenues	 21,485		99	_	21,584
Total revenues	 2,325,993		1,937,040	_	4,263,033
Expenditures:					
Salaries and personnel costs	859,483		-		859,483
Group insurance	69,878		-		69,878
Payroll taxes	62,374		-		62,374
Worker's compensation	5,854		-		5,854
Travel	3,372		-		3,372
Education and training	12,418		-		12,418
Professional fees	58,364		-		58,364
Contract labor	76,574		-		76,574
Program expenditures	148,918		-		148,918
Supplies	23,605		-		23,605
Repairs and maintenance	90,144		-		90,144
Road expenditures	730,880		-		730,880
Drug Court expenditures	49,822		-		49,822
Utilities	251,367		-		251,367
Gas, diesel and oil	12,778		-		12,778
Other expenditures	39,876		-		39,876
Capital outlay	 20,361		3,414,010	_	3,434,371
Total expenditures	 2,516,068		3,414,010	_	5,930,078
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(190,075)		(1,476,970)		(1,667,045)
Other Financing Source (Use):					
Transfers out	(5,000)				(5,000)
Transfers out	(5,000)		-		(5,000) 385,539
Total Other Financing Source (Use)	 380,539		<u> </u>	_	380,539
Total Other Financing Source (OSe)	 360,339	_	-	_	360,339
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
and Other Financing Source					
Over (Under) Expenditures	190,464		(1,476,970)		(1,286,506)
Fund Balance, Beginning	 885,317		2,862,515		3,747,832
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 1,075,781	\$	1,385,545	\$	2,461,326

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Gran	nts	Confiscated Assets	Enhanced 911	Crime Victims Assistance	Judical Services	Law Library	Alternative Dispute Resolution	Sheriff Commissary	Drug	Juvenile	TSPLOST Operating	Total
Revenues:													
Taxes	\$		\$ -		- \$ -	Ψ	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 730,880	
Charges for services Fines and forfeitures		-	-	845,058	- - 141,096	0,410	34,021	32,666	208,084	27,685	-	-	1,059,552 235,468
Grant revenue	20	65,981	-		- 1,614		34,021	32,000	-	27,005	582	-	268,177
Contribution revenue		8,891	-				-	-	-	-	-	-	8,891
Interest income		84	87	445	720	-	-	-	145	12	47	-	1,540
Other revenues	-		632		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	17,455				3,398		21,485
Total revenues	2	74,956	719	845,503	143,430	6,410	51,476	32,666	208,229	27,697	4,027	730,880	2,325,993
Expenditures:													
Salaries and personnel costs		65,218	-	628,14		-	4,250	12,000	12,685	-	-	-	859,483
Group insurance		12,911	-	56,967		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	69,878
Payroll taxes	•	12,127	-	47,402			-	-	-	-	-	-	62,374
Worker's compensation		1,915	-	3,86			-	-	-	-	-	-	5,854
Travel		1,627 6,730	-	4,632	- 1,745 2 924		-	-	-	-	-	-	3,372 12,418
Education and training			-				-	-	-	-	-	-	
Professional services	,	56,755	-	937			-	-	-	-	582	-	58,364
Contract labor		-	-		- 76,574					-	-	-	76,574
Program expenditures		-	-		- 6,853		33,724	24,400	83,941	-	-	-	148,918
Supplies		5,141	428	8,070			-	-	7,746	50	-	-	23,605
Repairs and maintenance		4,668	-	48,633	3 150	-	-	-	36,693	-	-	-	90,144
Road expenditures		-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	730,880	730,880
Drug Court expenditures		-	-		-	-	-	-	-	49,822	-	-	49,822
Utilities		10,713	-	236,436		-	-	-	2,800	-	-	-	251,367
Gas, diesel and oil		12,363	-	415		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,778
Other expenditures	:	24,367	-	1,596		60	621	599	12,274	-	-	-	39,876
Capital outlay				3,283	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	473		16,605				20,361
Total expenditures	3	14,535	428	1,040,37	130,391	192	39,068	36,999	172,744	49,872	582	730,880	2,516,068
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(;	39,579)	291	(194,874	13,039	6,218	12,408	(4,333)	35,485	(22,175)	3,445	_	(190,075)
Other Financing Source (Use):													
Transfers out		_	-				(5,000)	-	_	_	-		(5,000)
Transfers in		40,376	-	254,457	-		(-,)	_	-	12,544	78,162	_	385,539
Total Other Financing Source (Use)		40,376		254,45			(5,000)			12,544	78,162		380,539
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Source		707	204	F0 F0	40.000	0.040	7.400	(4.000)	25.425	(0.004)	04.607		400 404
Over (Under) Expenditures		797	291	59,583	3 13,039	6,218	7,408	(4,333)	35,485	(9,631)	81,607	-	190,464
Fund Balance (Deficit), Beginning		20,980	57,356	353,86			(3,390)	83,391	114,032				885,317
Fund Balance (Deficit), Ending	\$ 2	21,777	\$ 57,647	\$ 413,444	\$ 233,608	\$ 44,736	\$ 4,018	\$ 79,058	\$ 149,517	\$ (9,631)	\$ 81,607	<u> - </u>	\$ 1,075,781

EXHIBIT 25

LAURENS COUNTY, GEORGIA

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Revenues:	TSPLOST Capital	LMIG	SPLOST	Total		
Nevenues.						
Grant revenue	\$ -	\$ 1,932,115	\$ -	\$ 1,932,115		
Interest income	-	1,175	3,651	4,826		
Other revenues			99	99		
Total revenues		1,933,290	3,750	1,937,040		
Expenditure -						
Capital outlay	293,205	2,147,079	973,726	3,414,010		
Deficiency of Revenues						
Under Expenditures	(293,205)	(213,789)	(969,976)	(1,476,970)		
Fund Balance, Beginning			2,862,515	2,862,515		
Fund Balance (Deficit), Ending	\$ (293,205)	\$ (213,789)	\$ 1,892,539	\$ 1,385,545		

BUDGETARY COMPARISON – GRANTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Fina	iginal and Il Budgeted Amounts	ı	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negati		
Revenues:							
Grant revenues	\$	178,205	\$	265,981	\$	87,776	
Contribution revenues		12,500		8,891		(3,609)	
Interest income		1,040		84		(956)	
Total revenues		191,745	_	274,956		83,211	
Expenditures:							
Salaries		183,230		165,218		18,012	
Group insurance		16,075		12,911		3,164	
Payroll taxes		12,315		12,127		188	
Worker's compensation		1,500		1,915		(415)	
Rental expenditures		3,000		-		3,000	
Travel		3,700		1,627		2,073	
Education and training		2,500		6,730		(4,230)	
Supplies		7,850		5,141		2,709	
Repairs and maintenance		5,000		4,668		332	
Other professional services		3,250		56,755		(53,505)	
Utilities		12,325		10,713		1,612	
Gas and oil		13,000		12,363		637	
Other expenditures		26,205		24,367		1,838	
Total expenditures		289,950	_	314,535		(24,585)	
Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditures		(98,205)		(39,579)		58,626	
Other Financing Source -							
Transfer in		87,435	_	40,376		(47,059)	
Excess of (Deficiency of) Revenues and Other Financing							
Sources Over (Under) Expenditures		(10,770)		797		11,567	
Fund Balance, Beginning		20,980		20,980			
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	10,210	\$	21,777	\$	11,567	

EXHIBIT 27

LAURENS COUNTY, GEORGIA

BUDGETARY COMPARISON – CONFISCATED ASSETS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Fina	iginal and I Budgeted Imounts	Actual mounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:						
Condemnation revenue	\$	24,900	\$ 632	\$	(24,268)	
Interest income		100	 87		(13)	
Total revenues		25,000	 719		(24,281)	
Expenditures:						
Supplies		-	428		(428)	
Capital outlay		25,000	 -		25,000	
Total expenditures		25,000	 428		24,572	
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		-	291		291	
Fund Balance, Beginning		57,356	 57,356			
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	57,356	\$ 57,647	\$	291	

BUDGETARY COMPARISON – ENHANCED 911 FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Original and Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Operating revenue	\$ 865,000	\$ 845,058	\$ (19,942)
Interest income	350	445	95
Total revenues	865,350	845,503	(19,847)
Expenditures:			
Salaries	643,145	628,145	15,000
Group insurance	64,275	56,967	7,308
Payroll taxes	44,280	47,402	(3,122)
Worker's compensation	4,000	3,861	139
Other professional services	1,500	937	563
Pest control	450	435	15
Travel	400	-	400
Dues and fees	200	856	(656)
Education and training	6,500	4,632	1,868
Supplies	9,100	8,070	1,030
Repairs and maintenance	51,510	48,633	2,877
Miscellaneous expenditures	250	305	(55)
Utilities	236,175	236,436	(261)
Gas and oil	650	415	235
Capital outlay		3,283	(3,283)
Total expenditures	1,062,435	1,040,377	22,058
Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditures	(197,085)	(194,874)	2,211
Other Financing Source -			
Transfer in	247,085	254,457	7,372
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing			
Source Over Expenditures	50,000	59,583	9,583
Fund Balance, Beginning	353,861	353,861	_
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 403,861	\$ 413,444	\$ 9,583

BUDGETARY COMPARISON – CRIME VICTIMS ASSISTANCE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Fina	iginal and al Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance Final Bu Positive (N	dget -
Revenues:					
Fines and forfeitures	\$	155,000	\$ 141,096	\$	(13,904)
Grant revenues		-	1,614		1,614
Interest income		1,500	 720		(780)
Total revenues		156,500	 143,430		(13,070)
Expenditures:					
Salaries		20,000	37,185		(17,185)
Payroll taxes		1,530	2,845		(1,315)
Worker's compensation		70	78		(8)
Other professional services		1,000	90		910
Travel		4,000	1,745		2,255
Repairs and maintenance		1,000	150		850
Education and training		4,000	924		3,076
Contract labor		96,000	76,574		19,426
Supplies		6,750	2,170		4,580
Utilities		2,250	1,418		832
Crime victims assistance		7,500	2,853		4,647
Program expenditures		5,000	4,000		1,000
Advertising		2,000	-		2,000
Office expenditures		1,500	359		1,141
Capital outlay		3,900	 		3,900
Total expenditures		156,500	130,391		26,109
Excess of Revenues Over					
Expenditures		-	13,039		13,039
Fund Balance, Beginning		220,569	 220,569		
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	220,569	\$ 233,608	\$	13,039

EXHIBIT 30

LAURENS COUNTY, GEORGIA

BUDGETARY COMPARISON – JUDICIAL SERVICES FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Original and Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Fines and forfeitures	\$ -	\$ 6,410	\$ 6,410
Expenditures:			
Education and training	-	132	(132)
Miscellaneous expenditures		60	(60)
Total expenditures		192	(192)
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	-	6,218	6,218
Fund Balance, Beginning	38,518	38,518	
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 38,518	\$ 44,736	\$ 6,218

BUDGETARY COMPARISON – LAW LIBRARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Original and Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Fines and forfeitures	\$ 40,000	\$ 34,021	\$ (5,979)
Miscellaneous income		17,455	17,455
Total revenues	40,000	51,476	11,476
Expenditures:			
Books	35,100	33,724	1,376
Salaries	3,900	4,250	(350)
Other expenditures	1,000	621	379
Capital outlay		473	(473)
Total expenditures	40,000	39,068	932
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	-	12,408	12,408
Other Financing Use -			
Transfer out		(5,000)	(5,000)
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing			
Source Over Expenditures	-	7,408	7,408
Fund Deficit, Beginning	(3,390	(3,390)	
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ (3,390	\$ 4,018	\$ 7,408

EXHIBIT 32

BUDGETARY COMPARISON – ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Original and Final Budgeted Actual Amounts Amounts		Final Budgeted				Final Budgeted				Actual Final		iance with al Budget - ve (Negative)	
Revenues:														
Fines and forfeitures	\$	33,850	\$	32,666	\$	(1,184)								
Expenditures:														
Personnel fees		12,000		12,000		-								
Mediation fees		19,850		24,400		(4,550)								
Other expenditures		2,000		599		1,401								
Total expenditures		33,850		36,999		(3,149)								
Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditures		-		(4,333)		(4,333)								
Fund Balance, Beginning		83,391		83,391										
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	83,391	\$	79,058	\$	(4,333)								

BUDGETARY COMPARISON – SHERIFF COMMISSARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Original and Final Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Operating revenues	\$	- \$	208,084	\$ 208,084
Interest income		-	145	145
Total revenues		_	208,229	208,229
Expenditures:				
Commissary items purchased		-	83,941	(83,941)
Inmate salaries		-	12,685	(12,685)
Office expense		-	7,746	(7,746)
Utilities		-	2,800	(2,800)
Repairs and maintenance		-	36,693	(36,693)
Miscellaneous expenditures		-	12,274	(12,274)
Capital outlay			16,605	(16,605)
Total expenditures			172,744	(172,744)
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		-	35,485	35,485
Fund Balance, Beginning	114,032	2	114,032	
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 114,032	2 \$	149,517	\$ 35,485

BUDGETARY COMPARISON – DRUG FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Original and Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Fines and forfeitures	\$ -	27,685	\$ 27,685
Interest income		12	12
Total revenues		27,697	27,697
Expenditures:			
Supplies	-	50	(50)
Drug Court expenditures		49,822	(49,822)
Total expenditures	<u> </u>	49,872	(49,872)
Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditures	-	(22,175)	(22,175)
Other Financing Source -			
Transfer in		12,544	12,544
Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditures	-	(9,631)	(9,631)
Fund Balance, Beginning	-	-	-
Fund Deficit, Ending	\$ -	\$ (9,631)	\$ (9,631)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON – JUVENILE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Final Bud	Original and Final Budgeted Actual Amounts Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative		
Revenues:						
Grant income	\$	-	\$	582	\$	582
Interest income		-		47		47
Other income				3,398		3,398
Total revenues				4,027		4,027
Expenditure -						
Professional fees				582		(582)
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		-		3,445		3,445
Other Financing Source -						
Transfer in				78,162		78,162
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		-		81,607		81,607
Fund Balance, Beginning				<u>-</u>		
Fund Balance, Ending	\$		\$	81,607	\$	81,607

EXHIBIT 36

BUDGETARY COMPARISON – TIA OPERATING FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Fina	ginal and I Budgeted mounts	 Actual Amounts	Fina	ance with I Budget - e (Negative)
Revenue -			 _		
TSPLOST Revenues	\$	720,000	\$ 730,880	\$	10,880
Expenditure -					
Road expenditures		720,000	 730,880		(10,880)
Excess of Revenue Over Expenditure		-	-		-
Fund Balance, Beginning		_	 _		<u>-</u>
Fund Balance, Ending	\$		\$ 	\$	<u>-</u>

EXHIBIT 37

BUDGETARY COMPARISON – TIA CAPITAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Original and Final Budgeted Amounts			Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
Revenue -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Expenditure - Capital outlay		<u> </u>		293,205		(293,205)
Deficiency of Revenue Under Expenditure		-		(293,205)		(293,205)
Fund Balance, Beginning		_				<u>-</u>
Fund Deficit, Ending	\$	-	\$	(293,205)	\$	(293,205)

EXHIBIT 38

LAURENS COUNTY, GEORGIA

BUDGETARY COMPARISON – LMIG FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

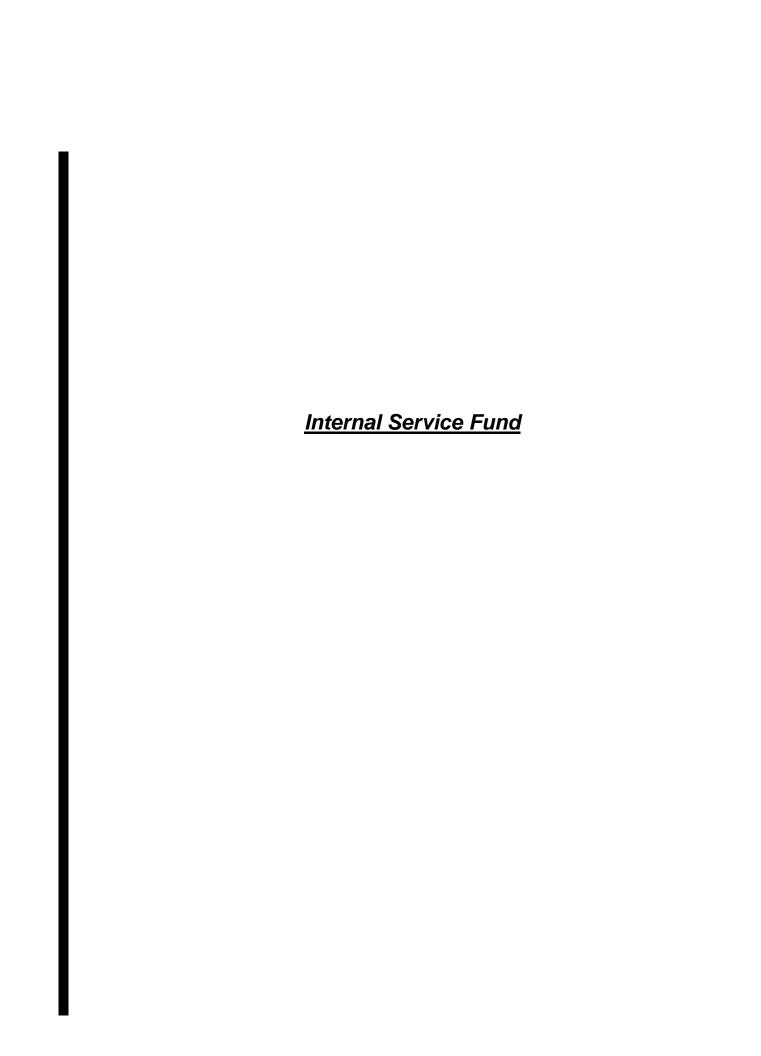
	Fina	Original and Final Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts		riance with nal Budget - ive (Negative)
Revenues:						
Grant revenues	\$	945,115	\$	1,932,115	\$	987,000
Interest income				1,175		1,175
Total revenues		945,115		1,933,290		988,175
Expenditure -						
Capital outlay		945,115		2,147,079		(1,201,964)
Deficiency of Revenue Under Expenditure		-		(213,789)		(213,789)
Fund Balance, Beginning		<u>-</u>				
Fund Deficit, Ending	\$		\$	(213,789)	\$	(213,789)

EXHIBIT 39

LAURENS COUNTY, GEORGIA

BUDGETARY COMPARISON – SPLOST FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Final Budgeted Actual		Final Budgeted Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:						
Interest income	\$	1,000	\$	3,651	\$	2,651
Miscellaneous income		<u> </u>		99		99
Total revenues		1,000		3,750		2,750
Expenditure -						
Capital outlay		2,938,000		973,726		1,964,274
Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditures		(2,937,000)		(969,976)		1,967,024
Fund Balance, Beginning		2,862,515		2,862,515		
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	(74,485)	\$	1,892,539	\$	1,967,024



INTERNAL SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2014

		Governmental Activity - Internal Service Fund			
	Ins	nployee surance Fund			
Assets:					
Cash	\$	866			
Accounts receivable		304,375			
Total Assets		305,241			
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable		242,740			
Due to primary government		62,501			
Total liabilities		305,241			
Net Position - Unrestricted	<u>\$</u>	<u>-</u>			

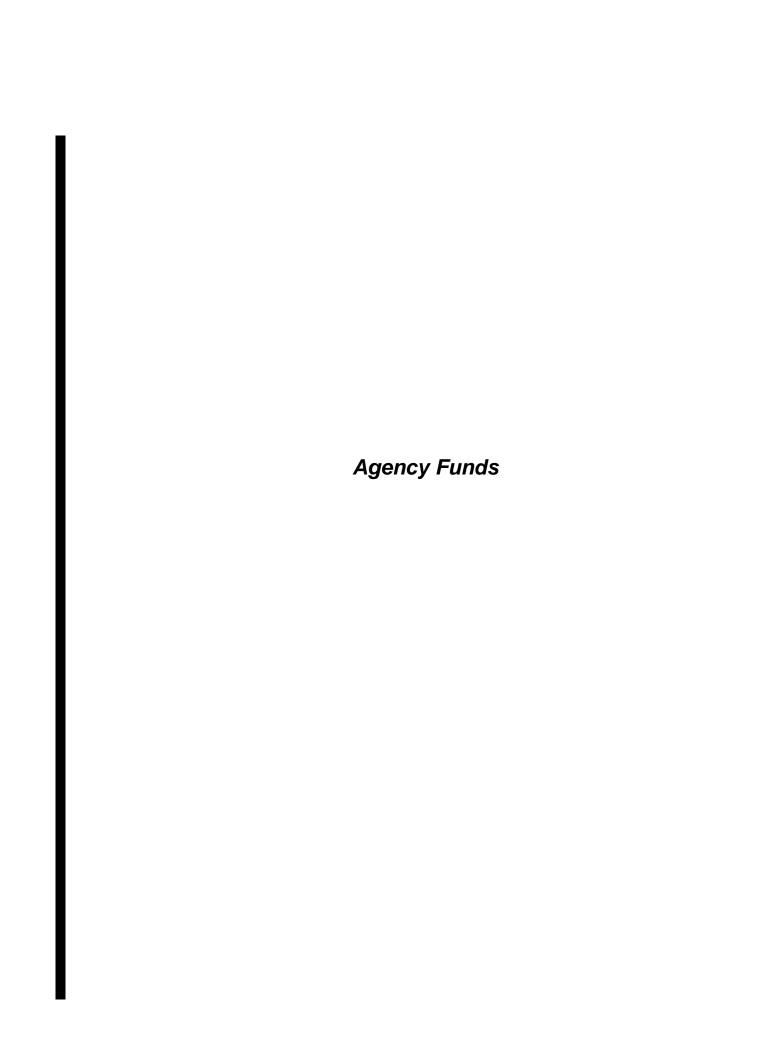
EXHIBIT 41

INTERNAL SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Governmental Activity - Internal Service Fund				
	mployee nsurance Fund				
Operating Revenue - insurance premiums	\$ 1,780,205				
Operating Expenses:					
Reinsurance premiums	167,397				
Employee insurance claims	 3,029,374				
Total operating expenses	 3,196,771				
Operating Loss	 (1,416,566)				
Non-operating Revenues:					
Interest income	69				
Transfers in	 1,416,497				
Total non-operating revenues	 1,416,566				
Change in net position	-				
Total Net Position, Beginning	 <u>-</u>				
Total Net Position, Ending	\$ _				

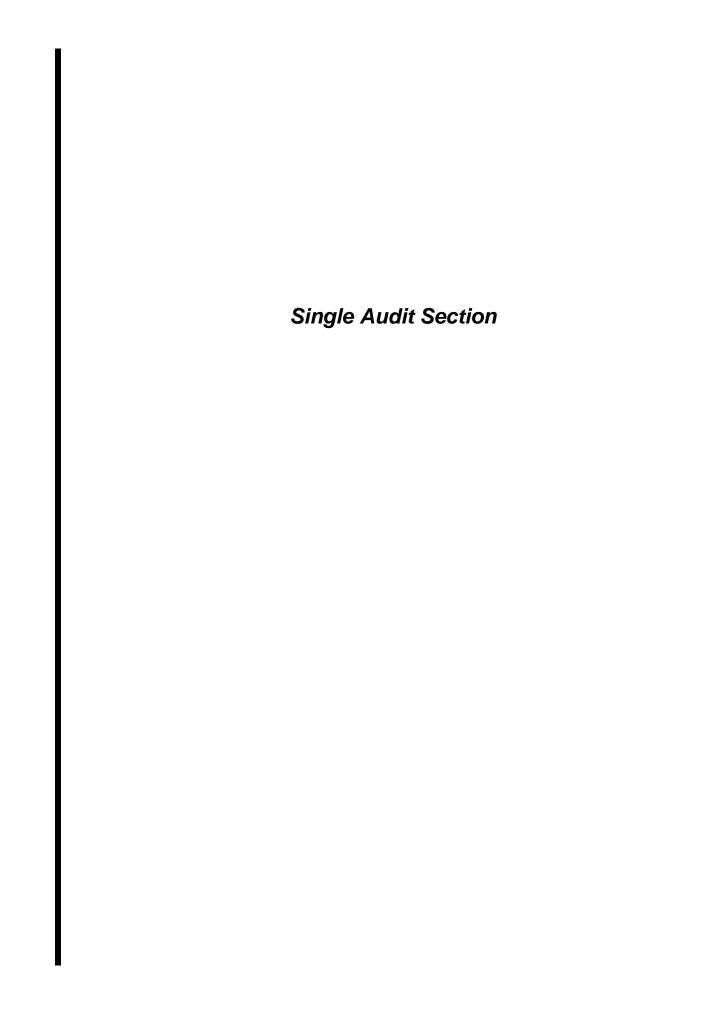
INTERNAL SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Governmental Activity - Internal Service Fund					
	Employee Insurance Fund					
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		_				
Receipts from employees	\$	623,072				
Receipts from primary government		1,443,261				
Payments to insurance companies		(3,508,770)				
Net cash used in operating activities	-	(1,442,437)				
Cash Flows from Non-Capital and Related Financing Activities -						
Transfers from the primary government		1,416,497				
Cash Flows from Investing Activities -						
Interest income		69				
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(25,871)				
Balances - beginning of year		26,737				
Balances - end of year	\$	866				
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by Operating Activities:						
Operating loss	\$	(1,416,566)				
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net						
cash provided by operating activities:						
Net change in assets and liabilities attributable to						
operations:						
Accounts receivable		(256,364)				
Due from primary govvernment		223,627				
Accounts payable		(55,635)				
Due to primary government		62,501				
Net cash used in operating activities	\$	(1,442,437)				



AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	_	uvenile Court		Probate Court				Sheriff's Office		Tax Commissioner's Office		Clerk of Magistrate Court		Child Support Court			Total Agency Funds
Assets:																	
Cash	\$	4,899	\$	32,560	\$	181,484	\$	344,343	\$	682,562	\$	51,902	\$	-	\$	1,297,750	
Due from others		21,143		-				-						-	_	21,143	
	\$	26,042	\$	32,560	\$	181,484	\$	344,343	\$	682,562	\$	51,902	\$	_	\$	1,318,893	
Liabilities:																	
Due to other governments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	652,468	\$	-	\$	-	\$	652,468	
Funds held in escrow		4,899		-		25,513		16,718		-		-		-		47,130	
Other liabilities		21,143		32,560		155,971		327,625		30,094		51,902		-	_	619,295	
Total Liabilities	\$	26,042	\$	32,560	\$	181,484	\$	344,343	\$	682,562	\$	51,902	\$		\$	1,318,893	





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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Commissioners Laurens County, Georgia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activity, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Laurens County, Georgia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Laurens County, Georgia's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 20, 2015. Our report includes a reference to another auditor who audited the financial statements of the Laurens County Public Health Center, as described in our report on Laurens County, Georgia's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditor's testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by that auditor.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Laurens County, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Laurens County, Georgia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Laurens County, Georgia's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency 14-1, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs to be a material weakness.

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies 14-2, 14-3 and 14-4, described in the accompany schedule of findings and questioned costs to be significant deficiencies.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Laurens County, Georgia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we have reported to management of Laurens County, Georgia in a separate letter dated February 20, 2015.

Laurens County, Georgia's Response to Findings

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Laurens County, Georgia's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Laurens County, Georgia's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Very truly yours,

Dublin, Georgia

February 20, 2015



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REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

To the Board of Commissioners of Laurens County, Georgia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Laurens County, Georgia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Laurens County, Georgia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014. Laurens County Georgia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Laurens County, Georgia's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Laurens County Georgia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Laurens County Georgia's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Laurens County, Georgia complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Laurens County, Georgia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Laurens County Georgia's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program as a basis for designing auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Laurens County, Georgia's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies, and therefore, material weaknesses and significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2014-5, that is considered to be a material weakness.

Laurens County, Georgia's response to the internal control over compliance finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Laurens County, Georgia's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance, and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

February 20, 2015 Dublin, Georgia

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SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Justice - Technological/Officer and Public Safety Initiative	16.738	2013-DJ-BX-0470	\$ 5,591
U. S. Department of Transportation:			
Pass-through program from Georgia Department of Transportation - Construct Airfield, Crack Seal and Remarking	20.106	AP014-9021-31(175)	223,761
Governor's Office of Highway Safety - Intoxilyzer 9000 Grant	20.600	GA-2013-000-00544	7,998
Total U. S. Department of Transportation			231,759
Federal Emergency Management Agency -			
FY2012 Staffing Adequate Fire and Emergency Response	97.083	EMW-2012-FF-0405	41,204
FY2012 Staffing Adequate Fire and Emergency Response	97.083	EMW-2012-FF-0691	193,176
Total Federal Emergency Management Agency			234,380
U.S. Department of Agriculture: Pass-through program from Georgia Department of Human Resources, Division of Aging	10.570	HGAAAA-98-11	26,597
	10.570	11077777-30-11	20,001
Department of Health and Human Services: of Human Resources, Division of Aging	93.045	HGAAAA-98-11	69,546
Total expenditures of federal awards			\$ 567,873

NOTE TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of Laurens County, Georgia and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

B - MEASUREMENT FOCUS

The determination of when an award is expended is based on when the activity related to the award occurred.

C - AMOUNT PROVIDED TO SUBRECIPIENTS

Of the federal awards listed, the County had no major programs that provided amounts to subrecipients.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Section I – Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified	
Material weakness (es) identified?Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be material	Yes	
weaknesses?	Yes	
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	No	
Federal Awards		
Internal Control over major programs: Material weakness (es) identified?	Yes	
Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be material	103	
weaknesses?	None reported	
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, Section .510(a)?	No	
Identification of major programs:		
Name of Federal Program or Cluster		CFDA#
Construct Airfield, Crack Seal and Remarking		20.106
FY2012 Staffing Adequate Fire and Emergency Response		97.083
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type		
B programs:	300,000	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	No	

No matters were reported

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Section II – Financial Statement Findings and Responses

FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

MATERIAL WEAKNESS:

2014-1 Segregation of Duties(Reiteration of Prior Year)

Condition: There is not appropriate segregation of duties between recording, processing and reconciliation of cash accounts and other operational functions in the various funds processed by the Finance Officer.

Criteria: Internal controls should be in place that provides reasonable assurance that an individual cannot misappropriate funds without being detected during the normal course of business.

Effect: Failure to properly segregate duties between recording, processing and reconciliation of accounts can lead to misappropriation of funds that are not detected during the normal course of business.

Recommendation: The duties of recording, processing and reconciliation of accounts should be segregated between employees.

Response: We concur with the recommendation. The Laurens County Board of Commissioners is in the process of reviewing the system in place to evaluate and determine the most efficient and effective solution to properly segregate duties between recording, processing and reconciliation of accounts to provide reasonable assurance that an individual cannot misappropriate funds without being detected during the normal course of business.

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES:

2014-2 Account and Transaction Recording (Reiteration of Prior Year)

Condition: Certain audit adjustments were required to fairly state the balances on general ledger accounts at the end of the accounting period.

Criteria: Accounts should be properly adjusted and reconciled to ensure that the financial statements are presented fairly at the end of the accounting period.

Effect: Failure to properly record transactions and reconcile accounts could cause the financial statements to not be fairly stated at the end of the accounting period.

Recommendation: Management should establish policies and procedures to assist the County in fairly stating the balances of accounts at the end of the accounting period.

Response: We concur with the recommendation. We will review procedures in place to ensure that account balances are fairly stated at the end of the accounting period.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

2014-3 Internal Audit Function (Reiteration of Prior Year)

Condition: There is not an internal audit function in place to provide an independent testing of the system of internal controls.

Criteria: Internal controls in place should be adequately reviewed to provide reasonable assurance that an individual cannot misappropriate funds without being detected during the normal course of business.

Effect: Failure to properly review and monitor internal controls could lead to misappropriation of funds that are not detected during the normal course of business.

Recommendation: The County should hire, or subcontract, an internal auditor who would assist in establishing and monitoring an enhanced system of internal controls to assist in safeguarding the assets of the County.

Response: We concur with the recommendation. We will review the feasibility of adding an internal audit function.

2014-4 Budgeting (Reiteration of Prior Year)

Condition: The County is not properly utilizing the budgeting process. We noted several instances whereby actual current operating expenditures of the General Fund, 2012 SPLOST Fund, Grants Fund, Enhanced 911 Fund, Crime Victims Assistance Fund, the Confiscated Assets Fund and the Emergency Medical Services Fund exceeded budgeted expenditures. In addition, budgets were not adopted for the Sheriff Commissary Fund, the Judicial Services Fund or the Road Projects Fund.

Criteria: A comprehensive review of the budgeting and cash flow process is essential in effectively projecting the cash flow needs and to provide for sufficient funding to operate the County in an efficient and effective manner.

Effect: Failure to properly monitor the County's budget could lead to future cash flow problems.

Recommendation: The County should undergo a comprehensive review of the budgeting and cash flow process, so that steps can be taken to project the cash flow needs and to provide for sufficient funding to operate the County in an efficient and effective manner.

Response: We concur with the recommendation. We will continue reviewing the budgeting process in order to provide a better monitoring system of the County's cash flows.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

STATUS OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS:

2013-1 Cash - General Government Operations

Condition: There is not appropriate segregation of duties between recording, processing and reconciliation of cash accounts and other operational functions in the various funds processed by the Finance Officer.

Recommendation: The duties of recording, processing and reconciliation of accounts should be segregated between employees.

Current Status: This finding was not corrected during the year.

2013-2 Account and Transaction Recording

Condition: Certain audit adjustments were required to fairly state the balances on general ledger accounts at the end of the accounting period.

Recommendation: Management should establish policies and procedures to assist the County in fairly stating the balances of accounts at the end of the accounting period.

Current Status: This finding was not corrected during the year.

2013-3 Internal Audit Function

Condition: There is not an internal audit function in place to provide an independent testing of the system of internal controls.

Recommendation: The County should hire, or subcontract, an internal auditor who would assist in establishing and monitoring an enhanced system of internal controls to assist in safeguarding the assets of the County.

Current Status: This finding was not corrected during the year.

2013-4 Budgeting

Condition: The County is not properly utilizing the budgeting process. We noted several instances whereby actual current operating expenditures of the General Fund exceeded budgeted expenditures.

Recommendation: The County should undergo a comprehensive review of the budgeting and cash flow process, so that steps can be taken to project the cash flow needs and to provide for sufficient funding to operate the County in an efficient and effective manner.

Current Status: This finding was not corrected during the year.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

FINDINGS - SINGLE AUDIT

MATERIAL WEAKNESS:

2014-5 Segregation of Duties(Reiteration of Prior Year)

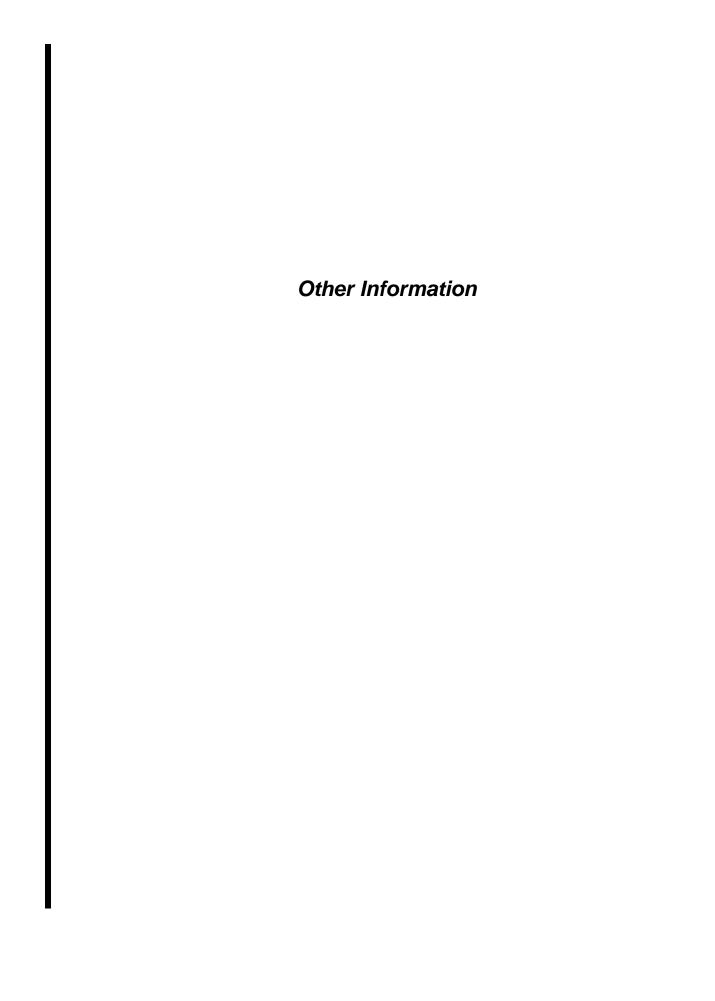
Condition: There is not appropriate segregation of duties between recording, processing and reconciliation of cash accounts and other operational functions in the various funds processed by the Finance Officer.

Criteria: Internal controls should be in place that provides reasonable assurance that an individual cannot misappropriate funds without being detected during the normal course of business.

Effect: Failure to properly segregate duties between recording, processing and reconciliation of accounts can lead to misappropriation of funds that are not detected during the normal course of business.

Recommendation: The duties of recording, processing and reconciliation of accounts should be segregated between employees.

Response: We concur with the recommendation. The Laurens County Board of Commissioners is in the process of reviewing the system in place to evaluate and determine the most efficient and effective solution to properly segregate duties between recording, processing and reconciliation of accounts to provide reasonable assurance that an individual cannot misappropriate funds without being detected during the normal course of business.



SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Project Description		Estimated Cost					Expenditures			
Per SPLOST Referendum		Original		Current		Prior Years	Current Year			Total
Law Enforcement Center Project	\$	6,100,000	\$	6,100,000	\$	6,056,181	\$		\$	6,056,181
Public Projects - October 2003 - June 2006 SPLOST:										
Georgia State Patrol Office	\$	1,500,000	\$	1,500,000	\$	1,543,360	\$	-	\$	1,543,360
Annex Building		2,000,000		2,000,000		2,660,388		-		2,660,388
Courthouse Renovations		2,000,000		2,750,000		1,585,811		-		1,585,811
Courthouse Debt Repayment *		2,000,000		2,051,184		2,051,194		-		2,051,194
Infrastructure/Economic Development	_	1,828,000	_	1,828,000	_	1,799,904	_	-	_	1,799,904
Total Public Projects	\$	9,328,000	\$	10,129,184	\$	9,640,657	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	9,640,657
* Budget increased by \$750,000 under new SPLOST										
Public Projects - SPLOST:										
Health Department Building	\$	2,000,000	\$	2,000,000	\$	16,062	\$	121,495	\$	137,557
Recreational Facilities		450,000		450,000		1,169,754		-		1,169,754
EMS Equipment		700,000		700,000		1,135,996		-		1,135,996
Sheriff Equipment		1,200,000		1,200,000		1,367,803		-		1,367,803
E911 Equipment		-		175,966		1,201,145		-		1,201,145
Fire Equipment		1,100,000		1,100,000		994,161		-		994,161
Road Improvements		17,712,270		17,712,270		14,925,688		834,980		15,760,668
Public Works Equipment		3,000,000		3,000,000		3,845,255		17,251		3,862,506
Airport Improvements		300,000		300,000		2,008,631		-		2,008,631
City of Dublin		16,540,740		16,540,740		17,090,056		-		17,090,056
City of East Dublin		2,591,790		2,591,790		2,670,023		-		2,670,023
City of Rentz		97,650		97,650		107,201		-		107,201
City of Cadwell		99,600		99,600		109,973		-		109,973
City of Montrose		86,550		86,550		91,420		-		91,420
City of Dexter		112,950		112,950		128,951		-		128,951
City of Dudley		108,650		108,650		122,553		-		122,553
Laurens County Development Authority		2,000,000		2,000,001		2,067,260		-		2,067,260
Dublin-Laurens County Recreation Authority	_	1,150,000	_	1,150,000	_	1,149,999	_		_	1,149,999
Total Public Projects	\$	49,250,200	\$	49,426,167	\$	50,201,931	\$	973,726	\$	51,175,657
Public Projects - FY 13 - 18 SPLOST:										
Economic Development	\$	7,350,000	\$	7,350,000	\$	4,603,431	\$	381,014	\$	4,984,445
Previously Incurred General Obligation Debt		5,650,000		5,650,000		5,605,511		-		5,605,511
Recreational Facilities		500,000		500,000		79,336		74,030		153,366
Courthouse/Admin Buildings and Equipment		900,000		900,000		63,869		166,198		230,067
Public Safety Equipment and Facilities		4,900,000		4,900,000		694,009		615,501		1,309,510
Road Improvements		14,000,000		14,000,000		505,281		925,430		1,430,711
Public Works Facilities and Equipment		1,950,000		1,950,000		309,518		214,688		524,206
Airport Improvements		200,000		200,000		38,275		311,942		350,217
City of Dublin		14,675,000		14,675,000		2,333,661		2,177,605		4,511,266
City of East Dublin		2,250,000		2,250,000		357,856		333,926		691,782
City of Rentz		125,000		125,000		50,000		-		50,000
City of Montrose		125,000		125,000		50,000		-		50,000
City of Dexter		125,000		125,000		50,000		-		50,000
City of Dudley		125,000		125,000		50,000		-		50,000
City of Cadwell		125,000	_	125,000	_	50,000			_	50,000
	\$	53,000,000	\$	53,000,000	\$	14,840,747	\$	5,200,334	\$	20,041,081

Note: The \$1,777,541 difference in total SPLOST expenditures from the above schedule to the schedule on page 58 relates to \$1,745,000 in bonds principal payments made during fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. In addition, \$32,541 relates to a reimbursement for road expenditures from a local municipality that has been recorded as unavailable revenues at June 30, 2014.

FAMILY CONNECTION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Budget	Actual	Variance - Favorable (Unfavorable)		
Revenues:					
Grant revenue	\$ 45,000	\$ 54,195	\$ 9,195		
Operating revenue	500	256	(244)		
Interest income	1,000	32	(968)		
Total revenues	46,500	54,483	7,983		
Expenditures:					
Salaries	44,775	60,238	(15,463)		
Group insurance	6,810	7,335	(525)		
Payroll taxes	3,145	4,326	(1,181)		
Worker's compensation	840	1,235	(395)		
Other professional services	-	8,114	(8,114)		
Travel	3,700	977	2,723		
Education and training	2,500	2,468	32		
Office expense	1,000	775	225		
Building rental	3,000		3,000		
Total expenditures	65,770	85,468	(19,698)		
Deficiency of Revenues					
Under Expenditures	\$ (19,270)	\$ (30,985)	\$ (11,715)		

EXHIBIT 46

FAMILY CONNECTION SCHEDULE OF STATE CONTRACTUAL ASSISTANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

State Program Name	Contract Number	Actual Revenue Received				Amount Due To/From State	,	
Family Connection	427-93-131300082-99	\$ 45,000	\$	85,468	\$		-	